The Mapleton Item.

VOL. XIX. MAPLETON DEPOT, PA., WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 11, 1907. NO. 26

LOCAL NEWS.

Next Saturday will be Grand Army Day at Lakemont.

The Huntingdon band is furnishing the music for the Port Royal fair this week.

Our Hebrew merchants, Shapiro Bros. and Miller & Calmenowitz, closed their stores Monday and yesterday in observance of the Jewish New Year. They will also observe the Day of Atonement September 18th,

Last Sunday the U. B. Sunday school elected officers for the ensuing year, as follows. Jos. M. Baker, superintendent, Charles Shore, secretary, R. C. Fields, treasurer, Watson Brininger and Gilbert Wise, librarians.

Last Saturday was a record-breaking day for the movement of trains on the middle division. From six o'clock a. m, to 3.40 o'clock p. m. one hundred and twenty trains passed BP. tower. Where are the calamity howlers?

Rev. W. C. Robbins, of Williamsport, a former pastor of the Mapleton M, E. Church, will occupy the pulpit in the M. E. Church, Sunday morning, September 22nd, and the same evening that of the Mill Creek M. E. Church.

Rev. Mark G. Holtzman, who served the Mapleton U. B. church as pastor during the past year, preached a farewell sermon to his people Sunday evening and yesterday left for Lebanon Valley college, Annville, Pa.. where he will attend school the coming year,

All persons who are in any way related to the Bratton tribe, are cordially invited to prepare a basket of provisions and be present at the second reunion, to be held on the Charles Bratton homestead, near Ryde, Mifflin county, Pa., rain or shine, Saturday, September 14, 1907.

The wooden joist in the Mapleton bridge, which have been a source of annoyance ever since the erection of the bridge are to be replaced with iron ones, the county commissioners having last Thursday awarded the contract for the work to A. Buchanan, of Chambersburg. The contract price is $1312.

The following friends recently visited at the home of John Long in this place: Mrs. Heller, of Orbisonia, Mrs. Graham, of Huntingdon, Mr. Bert Long, wife and son Charles, of Mount Union, Miss Lulu Long, of Mount Union, Mrs. Mertie Parks and children, of Saltillo, Mr. Levi Anderson, of Three Springs, and Mrs. Mary Johnson, of Tyrone. Mr. Long has been in declining health for some time and his condition continues to be critical.

The Mapleton borough schools opened last Monday with a total attendance of 153, distributed as follows: No. 1, Miss Frances Isenberg, teacher, 49; No. 2, Mrs. Lou A. Dell, teacher, 44; No. 3, Miss Florence Oswalt, teacher, 37; No. 4, Prof. Earl C. Beaty, teacher and principal, 23. This attendance should be largely increased as there are many children of school age in the borough who should by all means be in school every day.

The storm of last Monday demostrated for another time to borough "dads" here they are wrong in their management of the surface water on Main street, and another time a partial remedy has been applied, and the street is ready for the next pointer from Dame nature. The heavy rain of yesterday evening converted Main street into a veritable canal, demonstrating councilmanic wisdom in the management of surface water. Give anotner try, brothers.

The P. R. R. Company have their men at work preparing track fences to be placed between the tracks as various stations on this division. There being no under-ground passage at this station, persons will have to accustom themselves to coming to the trains in good time, as the gates will not be allowed open except at times when trains are due, and those coming late as is often done, will run a good chance of failing to get on, as gates must be closed after passengers are crossed to north side when train is due.

Harry D. Wicks and family arrived in Mapleton last Thursday from New Castle, Indiana, where he had been employed on a large contract job with Charles A. Sims & Co. The city of Williamsport is about to construct a dike to prevent the frequent flooding of the lower parts of the municipality and the contract for this work has been awarded to Charles A. Sims & Co. Mr. Wicks has been appointed superintendent of the construction and will shortly move his family to Newberry, a suburb of Williamsport.

Two-cent Rate Law Declared Unconstitutional.

In the case of the Pennsylvania Railroad against the County of Philadelphia to test the constitutionality of the two-cent rate law, Judges Willson and Anderied yesterday handed down an opinion in which they declare the law as it applies to the Pennsylvania Railroad unjust, unreasonable and confiscatory.

Briefly the finding of the Judges is this: It agrees that the Legislature possesses the power to fix the rates to be charged by the railroads, but it excepts part of the Pennsylvania Line—that part between Pittsburg and Harrisburg—built under charter rights which permit it to charge whatever fare its officers consider reasonable.

It is set down by the Court, however, that the Legislature under a ruling of the Federal Supreme Court has no right to regulate rates so that a company will not be able to earn the legal rate of interest—which in this state is six per cent.

By their own calculation the Judges decide that the Pennsylvania Railroad would not be able to earn this six per cent. under the two-cent law. Therefore, it is, that the act in its application to the railroad is declared "unjust, unreasonable and confiscatory."

Whether this will apply also to the pending cases of the Philadelphia & Reading, the Lehigh Valley, the Northern Central, and the Philadelphia, Baltimore & Washington, cannot be known until the figures of the roads are subjected judiciously to the same test as used in the case of the Pennsylvania. All of these roads claim that they would not be enabled to earn the legal rate of interest. But the interpretation of the law is such that each corporation must stand upon its own bottom in court.

Preparation to appeal the case to the Supreme Court of the state was begun immediately.

There are a great many people who have slight attacks of indigestion and dyspepsia nearly all the time. Their food may satisfy the appetite but it fails to nourish the body simply because the stomach is not in fit condition to do the work it is supposed to do. It can't digest the food you eat. The stomach should be given help. You ought to take something that will do the work your stomach can't do. Kodol for Indigestion and Dyspepsia, a combination of natural digestants and vegetable acids, digests the food itself and gives strength and health to the stomach. Pleasant to take. Sold by Wright & Dell.

The Pennsylvania railroad suffered some from last evenign's storm. The downpour was general between Pittsburg and Philadelphia, but was hardest at Altooa and Harrisburg, and along the middle division. Telegraphic service was interfered with to some extent. A slide of stone in the Lewistown Narrows blocked No. 1 track for a couple hours and another slide past of Mifflin blocked the same track. No other damage was done. High water was reported along the Petersburg branch but no damage was done.

William Jones, a colored resident from Lewistown, was given accommodation in the lock-up Tuesday morning by constable G. D. Wood. Brudder Jones was found in the river near the Columbia works of the Pennsylvania Glass Sand company by the shifter crew, in the act of trying to "shuffle off this mortal case" on account of real or imaginary troubles which he said had come to his lot in the Mifflin county seat. He claimed to be in fear of bodily harm from pursuers. The trainmen brought him to town and our guardian of the peace put him under lock and key. Officer Giles removed him to Huntingdon that afternoon. Mifflin county tanglefoot is hard to beat.

Mapleton has been fortunate in the selection of its tax collectors as for many years the duplicates have been settled in full before the end of the fiscal year but this year Collector Toomey has surpassed his former good records. July 1st the duplicates for 1907 were placed in his hands and the time for the rebate of five per cent. expired September 1st. The school duplicate amounted to $798.35, of which amount $758.43 were received and paid to the treasurer within the sixty days. The borough duplicate amounted to $509.15. of which $483.70 were collected and paid to the treasurer. The uncollected amount of the school duplicate is $39.92 and of the borough duplicate $25.45. The exonerations have been insignificant in the past and for this year will be unusually small. We doubt if another district in the state can make as good a showing and while congratulating Collector Toomey on his good record, the taxpayers deserve commendation for giving the authorities the benefit of the taxes so early in the year.

PERSONAL NOTES.

—Clarence Clouser spent Sunday with friends in Newport.

—Dale Wright, of Henderson township, was in town Sunday.

—John Long and wife, of Harrisburg, were in town Monday,

—W. T. Boring, of Trough Creek, was a Sunday visitor in town.

—David Lamberson, of Harrisburg, visited friends in town Monday.

—Mrs. Robert Vincent is spending this week at her home in Woodlaud.

—Mrs. Richard Keil, of Mount Union, was a caller in town Wednesday.

—James Hunter, of Derry, was the guest of his sister, Mrs. E. E. McCarl, recently.

—Mrs. L, M. Speer and daughter Claudia, spent Sunday with friends in Tyrone.

—Miss Ida Hooper, of Huntingdon, was a recent guest of her sister, Mrs. L. A. Dell.

—Miss Ruth Green, of Irvona, is visiting her uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. M. L. Rex.

—Mrs Calvin Miller, of Harrisburg, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. John Miller, on Railroad street.

—Albert H. Stever, wife and son, of Huntingdon, were guests of Mapleton friends over Sunday.

—Paul Swigart, of Huntingdon, has been working insurance successfully in town for several days.

—Miss Mabel Morningstar, of Huntingdon, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. O. Apgar in Smith valley.

—Miss Edith Picken, of Catawissa, Pa., is the guest of her school frfend, Miss Martha O'Connor.

—M. L. Rex and wife, G. D. Wood and wife and J. G. Hicks and wife spent Sunday with friends in Irvona.

—Mrs. Alda Parker Hohmon, is in Philadelphia for treatment at one of the hospitals for throat trouble.

—Stewart Moore, of Mount Union, was a Sunday guest of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Vincent at Hotel Clairndon.

—Mrs. Oswalt and son, Buell, were guests of her sister, Mrs. Dean, near Huntingdon for a few days recently.

—Mrs. W. H. Spangler and son Harold recently returned from a visit among their Perry and Lancaster county friends.

—Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Hicks, and child, of Granville, are visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Swope in Trough Creek.

—Mrs. John Hains, of Altoona, was a caller at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Anderson Wagner, on Railroad street last Thursday,

—Emory E. Niece, a passenger brakeman on the middle division, spent from Thursday until Monday with parents and friends in Mapleton.

—Messrs; Scott Dibert and Thomas Kurtz, of Johnstown, Pa., President and Manager of the Mount Union Silica Brick Company, were in town last Wednesday.

—Mrs. Henry McDonald, of Huntington, W. Va., and her daughter Mrs. Gertrude Kurtz, of Pittsburg, spent a couple days with friends in town during this week.

—Prof. Earl C. Beatty, of Canoe Camp, Tioga, Co. Pa., arrived in town last Wednesday ready for the opening of school on Monday next. He is domiciled at Hotel Clairndon.

—Mrs. Julia B. Dell, A. M. Dell and family, Anderson Dell, G. W. Wright and family and A. Reed Woods were Mapleton's representatives at the Wright reunion in Trough Creek valley last Saturday.

—Mrs. Andrews, who had been visiting her son H. O. Andrews for a week, left Tuesday for Lima, Ohio, where she will make her future home, her home in Newport having been broken up on account of the recent death of her husband.

—Mrs. J. H. Shimer and two sons, of McKees Rocks, Pa., who have been visiting friends in Centre, Fulton and Huntingdon counties for several weeks past, arrived in Mapleton yesterday and will spend a few days among former neighbors before returning to their home in the western part of the state.

—William Gurd, wife and two sons, of Rees Tannery, West Virginia, arrived in town last evening and will spend a few days among friends and former heighbors and will also visit in Blair county. Mr. Gurd was for many years connected with the Mapleton tannery when it was one of the leading industries of this part of the state and he and his wife have many friends here.

Wright Reunion.

The annual reunion of the descendants of Abram Wright, one of the pioneers of Huntingdon, county was held Saturday, September 7th, in the grove on W. L. Wright's land, near Pine Grove school house, in Trough Creek valley. Over one hundred of the descendants were present. The grove is a beautiful spot, well wooded, with a spring of sparkling water near-by and all present were well pleased with the judgment of the committee having the selection of the ground in charge. Among those present were persons from Union, Cass and Henderson townships, Dudley, Huntingdon, Cassville and Mapleton in this county, and from Mifflin, Blair, Dauphin and Jefferson counties.

Promptly at the noon hour the tables were prepared and spread with an ideal Trough Creek dinner, which is equivalent to saying that there was a superabundance of the choicest of good things prepared to suit the taste of the most fastideous of epicures. It is needless to say it was enjoyed by everybody who partook of it.

After dinner a business meeting of the heads of the different branches of the family was held at which it was unanimously decided to hold the next reunion at Mapleton the first Saturday in September, 1908, the members of the family in and about Mapleton to have the responsibility of preparing the place and making the local arrangements. It was later in the day decided that the present organization be continued for another year.

After the business meeting the assemblage was called to order by the president, A. W. Wright, who announced an address by Dr. A. J. Hamilton, of Cassville. The doctor's address abounded in historical facts of an instructive character. He spoke of the settlements in that section of the county prior to the emigration from eastern Pennsylvania and Maryland which latter movement followed the Revolutionary war and in which movement the Wright ancestry was a participant. He also gave a graphic account of the Battle of Sidling Hill which occurred in the French and Indian war. Dr. Hamilton has been an ardent student of history—general, national and local—and the facts he stated were substantiated by documentary evidence. He is one of Huntingdon county's ablest men and his addresses always teem with information and the products of his pen are papers worthy of careful preservation. Dr. John Foust, of Reynoldsville, was the next speaker and his address dwelt principally with reminiscences of events occurring fifty to seventy years ago in the valley when he as a boy was enjoying the impressionable days of his life in and about the home of his Grandfather Wright. The doctor paid a high tribute to his deceased grandmother and to his aged mother who sat in the audience and heard the music of praise from the lips of her honored and dutiful son. Brief remarks were made by I. N. Swope. Pleasing recitations were delivered by Misses Nellie and Millie Heck, great-grandchildren of the late Jordan Wright, of Smith valley, which were well received. These recitations were well learned and well delivered and the little ladies deserve commendation for their part in the programme. After some remarks by the president the exercises came to a close and the people started on their homeward ways. It was a pleasant day, delightfully spent and all expressed a determination to meet at Mapleton should life be spared and health permit at the reunion in 1908. So may it be.

Two honored guests at the Wright reunion were Major Ralph Crotsley and J. Calvin Shaffer both of whom have been identified with the development and progress of Trough Creek valley. Both these gentlemen have been in ill health and it was a satisfaction to their many friends to greet them on this occasion.

—Rev. J, H. Ake left Monday morning for Williamsburg and to-day departs for the Jamestown Exposition. He expects to be absent about two weeks part of which time he will spend in Washington, Norfolk and other cities.

—J. Duane Hicks, jr., of Anaconda, Montana, arrived home Tuesday, a very pleasant surprise for his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Hicks. He has been in Montana about three years and after a month's vacation will return to his duties in the Copper state where he is employed by the B. A. & P. Ry. While the Keystone state will never lose its charms, he thinks his adopted home just about the place.

Martin Gladfelter.

Martin Gladfelter, who was injured by a fall at Mount Union on the 2nd inst., an account of which appeared in the ITEM last week, died at his home in Mapleton Monday September 9, 1907, at 12.55 o'clock p. m. Mr. Gladfelter was subject to asthma, an attack of which followed his injuries. It is supposed that the breaking of his ribs caused internal bleeding and that blood poisoning resulted.

Mr. Gladfelter was born in York county, January 14, 1835, hence was aged 72 years, 7 months and 25 days. Arriving at manhood he worked in coalings and quarries in connection with different furnaces in this and adjoining counties. February 2, 1873, he was united in marriage to Margaret Ellen McMullin, who died November 14, 1906. To them were born eleven children of whom seven—two daughters and five sons—are living. They are Effie, wife of John Wharton, Elizabeth, wife of Jere Brumbaugh, James, Martin V., Walter, Zacharias and Edward, all of whom reside in Mapleton. After his marriage Mr. Gladfelter resided at Orbisonia and at Lucy Furnace. About twenty years ago they moved to Mapleton where they have since made their home. He is also survived by two brothers and one sister, residing in the eastern part of the state.

Mr. Gladfelter served two enlistments during the civil war and participated in Gettysburg and other important battles. His second enlistment was in Company E, 107th regiment, Pennsylvania Veteran Volunteers. From his second enlistment he was discharged in the field July 13, 1865. He had the reputation of being a good soldier. He was a hard-working man and always provided well for his family.

The remains will be interred in Mountain View cemetery this afternoon, services conducted by Rev. W. F. Gilbert being held at his late home.

Frank Long Killed.

Frank Long, who operated a Spoke and Handle Factory near the Depot in Rockhill met with an accident on Monday that resulted in his death yesterday afternoon. He was engaged in sawing spokes when in some manner the saw caught one of them and threw it with great force hitting him in the stomach. He was assisted to his home and Dr. C. B. Bush was called in who rendered what medical aid he could to the unfortunate man, but his injuries were internal, he lingered until about noon Wednesday when he died. The saw had been fitted with a guard to protect the workman but to facilitate tht handling of the work, this had been removed only Monday morning. The deceased is survived by his wife and several children. —Orbisonia Dispatch.

The Great Home Newspaper.

The Philadelphia Press daily one year and a razor made from best Sheffield steel fully guaranteed and that retails for $2.00, both for Three Dollars and Fifty Cents.

This means a value of $5.00 for a trifle more than the prise of The Daily Press alone one year. Your check or money order for $3.50 mailed today to the Circulation Department of The Press, Philadelphia, Pa., will bring this splendid publication to your home every week day for one year, with the razor, without another cent cost to you. Can we serve you?

A Humane Appeal.

A humane citizen of Richmond, Ind. Mr. U. D. Williams, 107 West Main St., says: "I appeal to all persons with weak lungs to take Dr. King's New Discovery, the only remedy that has helped me and fully comes up to the proprietor's recommendation." It saves more lives than all other throat and lung remedies put together. Used as a cough and cold cure the world over. Cures asthma, bronchitis, croup, whooping cough, quinsy, hoarseness, and pithisic, stops hemorrhages of the lungs and builds them up. Guaranteed at Wright & Dell's store. 50c. and $1.00. Trial bottle free,

Deeds Entered For Record.

A. H. Brode and wife to Ettie Speck, Carbon, $450.

James Tooey and wife to Christopher Lewis, Barnettstown, $150.

J. H. W. Plummer and wife to Roy R. Myers, Todd, $69.

Elmer Garner and wife to Clair C. Wright, Huntingdon, $200.

Margaret Grimison and husband to H. W. Nophsker, Huntingdon, $600.

WEE DORIS AND I.

We're faithful companions, wee Doris and I,
And talk to each other, at least, so we try.
She uses quaint language when speaking to me,
For Doris is only a baby, you see.
She's eloquent very in talk, and her speech
Scarce ever resembles a yell or a screech.

So far she's ne'er uttered a word, but she knows
How to ask for her bottle, and often she shows
Such flashes of wisdom that one would declare
That she is inspired with prophecy rare.

On afternoons sunny wee Doris and I
Go off on short journeys through country roads nigh;
And, as her small carriage I push 'long the way,
I tell her my troubles, then try hard to pray
For strength of the highest to guide me aright,
That I may be useful and help spread the light.
And no one, save Doris and God, ever knows
My heart's deepest feelings, its joys and its woes.

—Frederick Hawkins, in Ladies' World.

Aunt Sally's Conscience.

Never was there a better-natured, more conscientious woman than Aunt Sally Warner, relict of Joab Warner, who departed this life after a fall from the roof of his barn. Aunt Sally had no children of her own, but did have half a dozen nieces and nephews, and among the latter was the rollicking, frollicking Joe Henderson, who was twenty years old at the time the great calamity fell upon the house of Warner. Reference is not made to the fall from the roof of the barn, but to a calamity that overtook Aunt Sally's conscience.

One day nephew Joe, whose parents lived five or six miles away, arrived at Aunt Sally's on an errand. She was about to set out for the village of Rawsonville to do some "trading," and Joe volunteered to go along as driver of old Rommin. Aunt Sally had not been over that road for a month, and she was surprised to see circus pictures pasted up on every barn on the route. Since childhood she had had a fondness for circus pictures, but had been brought up to believe that eternal punishment awaited every one who passed the doors of the circus itself. During his lifetime Joab had discharged various hired men for staying a day off to go to the circus, and he had refused to deal with certain men who had accepted free tickets for the privilege of posting pictures on their barns.

As the good aunt and her nephew jogged along the dusty highway and came to barn after barn decked out in gayest colors of printer's ink Joe heard her sighing. He didn't stop to ask himself whether she was sighing that she couldn't attend a circus promising so much entertainment, but he forthwith proceeded to concoct a plan.

If a single person could conspire it would have been called a conspiracy as well as a plan. He made no comment on the barebacked riders, on the women jumping through hoops, or the rhinoceros grazing along the banks of the African river, and the hyena sneaking about in the Indian thicket. He just sat still and chuckled, and when he wasn't chuckling he was talking about going to Alaska to dig for gold.

When they reached town and found things in a bustle, he had to make some explanations. He explained that an exhibition was to be given that afternoon for the benefit of the widows and orphans, but he didn't say too much. While Aunt Sally was making her purchases the merchant might have referred to the "exhibitions" and called it by some other name if nephew Joe hadn't given him the wink.

When ten yards of calico, fifteen of sheeting, and needles had been bought Aunt Sally suddenly remembered something and turned to Joe and said:

"If there is anything going on for the benefit of widows and orphans I ought to be interested, being as I am a widow myself. Is it a spelling bee or anything of that sort?"

"Oh, no. They have got a tent and a collection of wild animals. It's what you might call a natural history exhibition. Did you ever see a live lion or tiger, Aunt Sally?"

"No, I never did."

"Ever see an elephant or a zebra or a giraffe?"

"No."

"Well, you can see them now and help the widows and the orphans the same time. It's fifty cents apiece, but I've got the money for my ticket."

"But I shall pay for both of us," replied Aunt Sally as she handed over a dollar. "When I set out to do anything for the benefit of charity I'm not one to scrimp at it. There won't be any gambling or horse racing, will there?"

"Mercy no. The bill says there will be nothing to offend the most fastidious. Come on."

They had a quarter of a mile to go to reach the tent, and during the walk Aunt Sally was puzzled that so many people should have turned out in the cause of charity. If she had had her glasses on she might have read signs on the gayly painted wagons to arouse suspicion, but she passed into the tent with the innocence of a child of five.

It was the menagerie, and nephew Joe guided her around and saw that she missed nothing. It was a real treat to the woman, and she felt herself growing a bit reckless under her wave of enthusiasm. She ate peanuts and drank lemonade, and after taking another look at the Bengal tiger, which had killed seven men and was anxious to finish off seven more as soon as possible, she said:

"Joe, this is real nice, and I'm glad we came. What are the folks going into that other tent for?"

"Oh, that's part of the show, you know. There are folks who don't care to look at wild animals, and so they have some riding and tumbling in there for them."

"But why can't we see it?"

"We can, and it won't cost a cent more."

They went in and found seats, and the circus performance opened. How was the guileless Aunt Sally to tell that it was a circus? It was her first attendance, and she never even had a performance described to her. She grinned from the time the clown first appeared, and the hurdle jumping and bareback riding brought "Ohs," and "Ahs!" from her until everybody around her was delighted. She bought lemonade and peanuts every time the boy came along, and when the performance at last was over she said to her nephew:

"Joe, I could go to such a show every day in the week and not see enough. I don't know who got it up for the benefit of the widows and orphans, but I'm telling you he was a mighty sensible feller. If it had been a husking bee he wouldn't have taken in half the money. If you hear of any more shows like it this summer you let me know, and we'll go."

Something really new had come into Aunt Sally's life, and she talked of it all the way home. Joe left her to do most of the talking. He was now preparing for the impending calamity.

It came within fifteen minutes of their arrival home. Mrs. Bronson, a neighbor, was at the house on an errand, and as soon as Aunt Sally began to describe the show given for the benefit of the widows and orphans the cat was out of the bag.

"Do you know what you've done, Aunt Sally Warner?" asked the caller in serious tones.

"Why, I've had a good time."

"Yes, you've had a good time, but you are going to pay an awful price for it. I wouldn't be in your shoes for all the money this side of Jericho."

"But what do you mean? Isn't it everybody's duty to help the widows and orphans?"

"Not if it's going to send your soul to the bad place. Aunt Sally, you've been to a circus!"

"No, I haven't! I wouldn't go to a circus for a thousand dollars, and you know it."

"You've been to a circus—a regular circus—with all its wickedness, and how on earth you are ever going to get forgiveness for it is more than I can say."

Nephew Joe was called in from the barn and the matter put to him, and he had to acknowledge he had worked a plot.

"I never would have believed it of you—never!" wailed Aunt Sally. "To think that one of my own kith and kin would take me to a circus and make me lose my chance of going to heaven!"

"But the animals interested you."

"Yes, they did."

"And you liked the peanuts and lemonade."

"Alas, but I did!"

"And you thought the clown was funny and the riding good."

"Heaven forgive me, but I did!"

"Well, I don't see where the kick comes in. I don't believe you are any wickeder than before."

But Aunt Sally could not be comforted. Her conscience was roused and she could eat no supper. She thought of the two-horned rhinoceros and the girl who jumped through hoops, and hid her face. She had an accusing night of it and never shut her eyes, and early the next morning she walked over to the house of the village minister and told him. He asked many questions in a kind way, and when he had got root of the matter he said:

"Well, sister Warner, being as your nephew deceived you and being as there were animals and peanuts and lemonade, and being as there might not be another circus along here for five years, I think the Lord will let you off this time, but if your hired man plays dancing tunes on his fiddle you watch your feet and don't let them get to shuffling."—American Cultivator.

Fired Sometimes, Probably.

"Your husband, has he any aim in life?"

"Why, I don't know; why do you ask?"

"My husband says he is always loaded."—Houston Post.

As a result of special work done by the Rev. S. Gray of Brighton, England, $3,000 has been raised to provide a home for poor lepers in India.

HAUL OF SMUGGLED FINERY

Laces, Dress Goods and Lingerie in Booty of Uncle Sam.

Thirty Dressmakers' Trunks Worth $40,000 on La Savoie Seized at Port of New York.

New York City.—A gigantic syndicate of smuggling dressmakers, said to have defrauded the Government to the tune of half a million through the illicit importation of Parisian gowns, was broken up by the clever capture of three of its alleged members and the confiscation of more than $40,000 worth of rich dresses and rare lace.

Included in the "haul" made by the customs inspectors is said to be the maid of a millionaire society woman of New York, who had entrusted her servant with the smuggling of a trunkful of gowns that a small fortune would not buy.

Simultaneously, the authorities declare, they have closed forever a wholesale scheme of label forgery and substitution by means of which the "Syndicate" has been able to laugh at the Secret Service sleuths for years.

It was the biggest coup ever executed in the seizure of Paris gowns, laces and dressmaking finery by the customs officials of this port.

They belonged to forty Paris dressmakers and French maids who came over with a small ship load of trunks, thirty of which were seized when an effort was made to smuggle them through. The affair created a sensation at the pier, particularly as some of the women succeeded in leaving in cabs and had to be pursued by detectives and inspectors.

One of the women who looked to be a model of plumpness when she walked down the gangplank, was taken back into the ship and searched. Three hundred dollars' worth of fine laces and dress goods were found wrapped about her body. When the searching was finished her plump figure had been changed to one of decided slenderness.

She gave the name of Mlle. Hughes and resolutely declared at first that she had nothing dutiable except what was in her trunk. When the inspectors insisted upon her being searched she threw up her hands, exclaiming in French: "Yes, I'm loaded! Go ahead with your search and let's have it over as soon as possible."

Another young woman, who said she was a maid employed by a wealthy woman in New York, and gave the name of Mlle. Dautran, had a fine new trunk packed with costly French gowns. The gowns had no label, and the young woman declared they were not imported goods. The trunk had several labels pasted over the initials, and when these were revealed they gave a clew to the owner, but the inspectors would not reveal the name. This young woman was met by a porter from the Holland House.

Mlle. Kilgannon had several trunks literally stuffed with gowns of great value, but she also declared that they were not of foreign make. They bore no labels. She exhibited anxiety to get away from the pier, and before the inspectors knew it had slipped through the gate and driven away in a cab.

Inspectors and detectives followed, and when she was caught and searched the Paris labels which should have been attached to the gowns were found in her pockets.

Colonel John M. Bishop, Deputy Surveyor of the Port, and a force of inspectors conducted the work, which required about three hours. When it became known that the pretty French women were in a predicament, many of the passengers who had noticed them on shipboard became much interested, and all other business on the pier was neglected.

Bigger seizures of precious stones have been made, but this is the largest haul of wearing articles on record. It is believed that the false label scheme has been worked successfully for several years. How the labels were obtained is a mystery. It is probable part of them were forged and others stolen from other trunks.

GIRL ACCUSES MOTHER.

Judge Says He Would Burn Woman Who Sold Her Child.

Bellville, N. J.—"If I had the power, I would have you taken into the street with feet and hands tied and burned at the stake."

This is what Justice La Faucherie said to Mrs. Mattie C. Weaver, who, with her daughter, Lillian, thirteen years old, white, were arrested in a raid by the police in a house occupied by Ida Stephens in Heckel street, Belleville, along with three women and a man, all negroes. The girl told the Court that her mother had compelled her to become an inmate of the house.

Justice La Faucherie and the constables wept when the girl's story was unfolded. The woman denied the charge.

All of those arrested are now in the County Jail to await the action of the Grand Jury.

Demand of British Trade Unions.

At a session of the British trade union congress, at Bath, England, a resolution was adopted against the compulsory arbitration of industrial disputes. One demanding a State pension of $1.25 a week for everybody over sixty years of age was also voted.

STATE NEWS BUDGET.

Robbers' Victim Helpless.

John Baier, a well known young man of Easton, was waylaid and robbed while returning home. He was found bound and gagged with a wound on his head and nearly unconscious from the loss of blood and shock following the attack. Baier, passing a dark and lonesome spot, was struck from behind and felled. He rembers nothing after that until he recovered consciousness hours later. He crawled to a doorstep and attracted the attention of the inmates of the house by beating his head against the door. Baier was taken in and a physician was sent for. He could not describe his assailants, but said that he had been relieved of about $20.

Three Couples Elope Together.

"Have wedding supper prepared for six" was a telegram received in Pittsburg, which was the first intimation of a triple elopement, in which the brides were two sisters and a cousin. Although their friends knew that a wedding between the three couples was a possibility, yet their elopement came as a tremendous surprise. The party left Pittsburg for Steubenville, Ohio, where the ceremony was performed. The couples who were married are Henry F. Hoffman and Mrs. Gertrude M. Crosby, a widow; David M. Jones and Mrs. Crosby's sister, Mabel Campbell, and Thomas Higham and Miss Mary Laly, a cousin of the two sisters.

Father-in-Law Must Pay $45,000.

The court at Uniontown awarded William Wirsing $45,000 damages for injuries said to have been received at the hands of his father-in-law, James R. Smith, a wealthy coal operator. A year ago Wirsing eloped with Smith's daughter. Upon the return of the young couple Smith met Wirsing with a Winchester rifle and shot him in the right arm, shattering the bone, and, it is said, rendering it useless for life. Smith is now in the penitentiary serving a five-year sentence for felonious assault with intent to kill.

Murderer Attempts Suicide.

After being on trial for four days, at Mahanoy City, for the murder of his sweetheart, Marie Borinsky, at Shenandoah, Charles Watzel was convicted of murder in the first degree. Soon after being apprised of his conviction Watzel, who throughout the trial feigned insanity, drank a quantity of water in which he had dissolved several dozen match heads. For several hours afterward he writhed in agony and the doctors thought he would die, but his life was saved when heroic treatment was applied.

Jailed For Treating Girl.

"Let me at him; I'll kill him!" exclaimed Michael Connerton, when he heard his daughter testify in Magistrate Lenhardt's Court, at Norristown, that Walter Sneed, colored, had given beer and whisky to his (Connerton's) twelve-year-old daughter, Annie. It was with difficulty that the infuriated father was prevented from attacking the negro. Sneed was sent to jail, as was Mary Golden, a white woman, with whom he had been intimate.

Railway Straighter; Fares Less.

A report filed with the Internal Affairs Department, at Harrisburg, in accordance with a recent law, shows that the Pennsylvania Railroad between Pittsburg and Philadelphia is 348.8 miles long. Persons traveling between the cities have been charged for 353 miles, this being the distance when the road was measured before the company began straightening its lines. In the curves that have been removed in the last year the distance has been reduced four miles.

Victims of Lamp Explosion.

By the explosion of a lamp in an upstairs room the two young children of Aaron Anderson, of Coleman Hollow, Potter County, were burned to death. Anderson and his aged father were helplessly ill in a room downstairs. Mrs. Anderson and her ten-year-old son tried to rescue the children, but failed. Before they could be taken out the two men were so badly burned that they, too, will die.

Many Cows Going Mad.

A mad dog in the townships of West Brandywine and East Nantmeal has caused much consternation. Cows on many farms that were bitten have been seized with hydrophobia and had to be killed. Citizens of that neighborhood have asked the State to have their township quarantined.

She Goes to Funeral at 103.

Mrs. Elizabeth Lehman, who will be 103 years old in October, attended the funeral of her life-long friend, Mrs. Elizabeth Brubaker, at Mount Joy, aged ninety-nine years. These two aged women lived within two squares of each other, and were both members of the Mennonite Church.

Rescued at Life-Saver's Funeral.

The body of Patrick J. Manion, the life-saver, was buried at Pittsburg. Sixteen young men whose lives he had saved in the past three years formed in line and followed the coffin from St. John's Church to St. Peter's Cemetery.

Dog Digs Grave For Puppy.

When one of a litter of six pups born to William Gray's French poodle was caught in a fence and died the mother with her paws dug a grave and solemnly interred the carcass.

Wholesale Prices Quoted in New York

MILK.

The Milk Exchange price for standard quality is 3¼c. per quart.

BUTTER.			
Creamery—Western, extra.	$ 26½	@$	27
Firsts..	24½	@	26
State dairy, finest..	25	@	25½
Good to prime....	23	@	24
Factory, thirds to firsts...	18½	@	22
BEANS.			
Marrow, choice....	2 10	@	2 15
Medium, choice....	1 80	@	1 82½
Red kidney, choice.....	2 20	@	2 25
Pea.....	—	@	1 90
Yellow eye....	—	@	1 70
White kidney	2 65	@	2 70
Black turtle soup....	1 65	@	1 70
Lima, Cal....	3 50	@	3 65
CHEESE.			
State, full cream	12¾	@	13¼
Small..	13¼	@	13¾
Part skims, common.....	4½	@	6
Full skims....	1	@	3
EGGS.			
Jersey—Fancy..	28	@	30
State—Good to choice.....	24	@	26
Western—Firsts....	20	@	22
FRUITS AND BERRIES—FRESH.			
Blackberries, per qt..	10	@	15
Huckleberries, per qt.....	6	@	12
Peaches, per carrier	1 50	@	3 00
Muskmelons, per crate	40	@	1 25
Watermelons, per 100.....	5 00	@	15 00
Pears, Keifer, per bbl....	2 50	@	4 00
Bartlett, per basket.....	1 50	@	2 50
Apples, per bbl....	1 25	@	5 00
Plums, per 8-lb. basket....	25	@	45
Grapes, Niagara, per case..	—	@	2 00
Moore's Early, per case..	—	@	1 25
LIVE POULTRY.			
Fowls, per lb..	—	@	14½
Chickens, spring, per lb....	—	@	16
Roosters, per lb....	—	@	9½
Turkeys, per lb.....	—	@	13
Ducks, per lb....	11	@	13
Geese, per lb ...	10	@	12
Pigeons, per pair.....	—	@	20
DRESSED POULTRY.			
Turkeys, per lb.....	10	@	16
Chickens, Phila., per lb....	22	@	24
Fowls, per lb..	12	@	15
Ducks, spring, per lb..	15	@	16½
Squabs, per dozen.....	1 25	@	3 75
HOPS.			
State, 1906, choice.....	—	@	14
Medium, 1905....	3	@	5
Pacific Coast, 1906, choice..	—	@	8
Medium, 1905....	3	@	4
VEGETABLES.			
Potatoes, L. I., per bbl....	2 00	@	2 50
Jersey, per bbl....	1 75	@	2 25
Sweets, per basket.....	1 25	@	2 25
Tomatoes, per box..	35	@	1 00
Egg plant, per bbl..	75	@	1 25
Squash, per bbl....	75	@	1 50
Peas, per basket....	1 25	@	1 75
Peppers, per bbl....	75	@	1 50
Lettuce, per basket.....	40	@	1 00
Cabbages, per 100.....	3 50	@	6 00
String beans, per basket...	75	@	1 25
Onions, Conn., white, per bbl	2 00	@	2 50
Yellow, per bbl....	2 00	@	2 25
Orange Co., red, per bag.	1 00	@	1 37
Carrots, per bbl..	1 50	@	2 00
Beets, per 100 bunches.....	1 00	@	1 50
Turnips, per bbl....	85	@	1 12
Okra, per basket....	1 25	@	1 30
Lima beans, per bag.....	1 00	@	1 50
Cucumber pickles, per bbl.	1 50	@	3 00
Cucumbers, per bbl.....	1 25	@	2 00
Cauliflower, per bbl.... ..	1 00	@	4 00
Celery, per doz....	10	@	50
Corn, per 100....	75	@	1 75
Watercress, per 100 bunches	75	@	1 50
Radishes, per 100 bunches.	75	@	1 00
Rhubarb, per 100 bunches.	1 50	@	2 00
Spinach, per bbl.....	50	@	1 00
GRAIN, ETC.			
Flour—Winter patents....	4 25	@	4 75
Spring patents..... ..	5 00	@	5 95
Wheat, No. 1 N. Duluth...	—	@	1 17⅜
No. 2 red..	1 01	@	1 01½
Corn, No. 2 white..... ...	—	@	69
No. 2 yellow.....	—	@	69½
Oats, mixed..	—	@	62
Clipped white.....	63	@	69
Lard, city..	—	@	8¾
LIVE STOCK.			
Beeves, city dressed..	8	@	10¾
Calves, city dressed.....	9	@	14
Country dressed....	7	@	13
Sheep, per 100 lb....	3 50	@	5 50
Lambs, per 100 lb.....	6 00	@	8 00
Hogs, live, per 100 lb.....	6 85	@	7 10

BIG YEAR FOR FARMERS.

Earnings For 1907 Are Billion Dollars More Than For Last Year.

New York City. — The American farmers' earnings will be a thousand million dollars greater this year than last, according to a report on crops of the American Agriculturist. This big gain will be due to the increased prices of farm products, as the production in general will be fully ten per cent. less in quantity than in 1906, which was the bumper year.

"The farmer was never in so healthy a position as he is to-day—financially, socially, politically, mentally and spiritually," says the report. "The increase in the value of his real estate has been prodigious. He owes less money than ever before. He has greater assets than ever. Again, the farmer's wants are greater. He is in the market for more and better breeding stock, farm implements, household goods and other merchandise.

"The wheat crop this year will approximate 625,000,000 bushels, 150,000,000 less than last year. Corn promises to be within five per cent. as much as last year, and, with but two or three exceptions, the biggest yield on record. The yield of oats will be about twelve per cent. less than last year, but there will be nearly the usual quantity of rye, barley, buckwheat, flaxseed and potatoes. The hay crop will exceed last year's. Apples will be much more plentiful than last year."

Gains in Railway Value.

The Ohio State Board of Equalization for Railroad Property reported the valuation of railroad property in the State for taxation is fixed at $153,022,132, an increase over last year's valuation of $4,961,893.

Southern Iron Cheaper.

Southern iron dropped $1 a ton in price.

CADET HAZING MUDDLE AT WEST POINT ACADEMY

Plebes Give "Silent Treatment" to a Classmate.

UPPER CLASSES INDIGNANT

A Queer Situation Has Developed at the Military Academy—Hardest Test to Come Under Colonel Howze's Rule.

West Point, N. Y.—A mild instance of attempted hazing which occurred at the Military Academy recently has caused some curious complications. It has been reported that the Commandant, Colonel Robert Lee Howze, has threatened an entire class with dismissal. This, however, Colonel Howze characterized as nonsense.

The curious feature about the situation is that the lower class man, the man upon whom the hazing was attempted, apparently had the sympathy of the upper class men, while the cadets who are opposed to him are the members of his own class.

This is the first trouble that has arisen from hazing since the close of the Congressional investigation. "Hazing is almost unknown at West Point now," said Colonel Howze.

The trouble centres around a first year man, Cadet Bock, who hails from Missouri. An upper classman, Cadet Sherman, of Georgia, apparently undertook to give Bock the "bracing up" exercise. This is about the mildest form of "hazing" there is. It is about on a par with calisthenic exercises in a gymnasium. As the story is told here, however, Cadet Bock refused to obey the upper classman's order. The incident occurred while the corps was on its recent practice march. Cadet Sherman, it is said, called at Bock's tent later in the day, and again ordered the plebe to "brace up." Bock again declined, and, according to the stories current here, his stubbornness resulted in various forms of petty annoyance.

It has been said that Cadet Bock voluntarily reported the matter to the authorities. This is denied by all hands here. Colonel Howze, it is said, learned about the affair when he was examining into charges that had been preferred against Bock for some minor neglect of duty. The Commandant took prompt action in regard to Cadet Sherman, inflicting rigorous punishment in the way of extra hours of duty and curtailment of privileges.

Then it was that the plebes took the affair upon themselves. They decided that their classmate, Bock, needed discipline, and they proceeded to give him the "silent treatment." In other words, no member of his own class speaks to him. They ignore his presence entirely.

The upper classmen viewed this action on the part of the plebes with astonishment. They take the view that if anybody disciplines Bock, it shall be themselves, and that the kindergartners have taken altogether too much upon themselves. In other words, the plebes in assuming the right to punish one of their own number for a matter that concerned an upper classman have infringed upon the privilege of the upper classmen themselves.

Colonel Howze said when seen that he had no doubt the trouble would adjust itself. "The upper classmen," he said, "have taken the matter in hand, and they will undoubtedly settle it. Bock is a fine, strong young man and will win the esteem of his fellows. The accusation that he is a tale-bearer is entirely unfounded. But the whole incident is one that we cannot afford to treat too lightly. I am confident that the upper classmen will find some way of showing the plebes that they are in the wrong, and that the incident will be closed in a few days. I have made no threats of dismissal or punishment."

FOR GRANTING REBATES ON OIL

Four More Indictments Found at Jamestown, N. Y.

Jamestown, N. Y.—The Federal investigation in this city of alleged concessions granted to the Standard Oil Company by the New York Central and the Pennsylvania Railroads from Olean to points in Vermont is now completed. The Grand Jury returned four additional indictments and was then discharged with the thanks of the Court. The four additional indictments will add materially to the troubles of the corporations under fire.

The corporations named in these indictments are the Standard Oil Company of New York, the Vacuum Oil Company of Rochester, the New York Central and the Pennsylvania Railroads.

As the law provides a penalty of $20,000 for each offense, and as fifty-eight separate and distinct offenses were alleged, the Court, if the corporations are convicted, could impose a fine of $1,160,000 on each corporation, or $4,640,000 in all. Add this to the indictments previously found and the fines will come close to the $29,000,000 fine recently imposed by Judge Landis at Chicago.

Lawyer Hangs Himself.

At Salem, Mass., Robert K. Dickerman, a Boston lawyer, hanged himself at a private hospital, where he had been under treatment.

DRIVE HINDUS FROM CITY

Twelve Hundred Asiatics Forced to Flee From Bellingham, Wash.

Mob of 500 Whites Raids Lodging-Houses and Mills—Race Troubles Long Brewing.

Bellingham, Wash. — Six badly beaten Hindus are in the hospital, 400 frightened and half naked Sikhs are in jail and in the corridors of the City Hall, guarded by policemen, and somewhere between Bellingham and the British Columbia line are more than 750 natives of India, beaten, hungry and half clothed, making their way along the Great Northern Railway to British territory and the protection of the British flag.

The long expected cry, "Drive out the Hindus!" was heard the night before throughout the city and along the water front. The police were helpless. All authority was paralyzed and for five hours a mob of half a thousand white men raided the mills where the foreigners were working, battered down doors of lodging houses and, dragging the Asiatics from their beds, escorted them to the city limits with orders to keep going.

The trouble started at C and Holly streets, a lodging house district. The houses were cleared and the mob then swept down to the water front and mill after mill was visited, the white employes joining the mob. Every Hindu was hustled outside.

Here the police suggested that the mob victims be taken to jail. This was hailed with delight and the Hindus were hustled along. From this time on few were beaten. The mob kept up its work along the water front until early next morning, when Larson's mill at Whatcom Lake was visited and 100 Hindus brought in from there.

Four women were found among the crowd in the city building. The city is quiet, but there is a strong undercurrent of opinion which apparently approves the action of the mob, and it may be found impossible to punish the leaders.

Racial feeling has played no small part in affairs here. Every day whites have been replaced in the mills by Asiatics. Many instances of white women being pushed into the gutters or insulted on street cars by the foreigners were reported. General uneasiness of the whites is given as a reason for the outbreak.

The Hindus are all British subjects and this matter is being placed before the British authorities.

Goldwin Smith Foresees Trouble.

Toronto, Canada.—In an interview on the mobbing of the Hindus at Bellingham, Wash., Goldwin Smith said he anticipated a contest between European and Eastern races for supremacy on the Pacific Coast. He urged the admission of Asiatic women. Great Britain and the President will smooth out the present difficulty, but the future is extremely dark.

Complaint Expected From England.

Washington, D. C.—While no official information has reached the State Department concerning the expulsion of the Hindus from Bellingham, Wash., it is expected that Ambassador Bryce will soon lodge formal complaint. All that the State Department can do is to ask the Governor of Washington to take steps to prevent a recurrence of the trouble. The British Government is likely to find itself embarrassed in dealing with the Bellingham incident because of the ever present danger of similar attacks upon the East Indians, who are numerous in British Columbia.

TWELVE DEAD IN IOWA WRECK.

Rock Island Express Train Crashes Into a Freight—Twelve Injured.

Waterloo, Iowa. — Twelve persons were killed and a dozen were injured when a north-bound Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific passenger train left the rails at Norris, Iowa, and crashed into a south-bound freight train standing on a siding.

All of the dead and injured were in the smoking car, which was immediately behind the baggage and mail cars. The smoking car was demolished. The north-bound express was ten minutes late at Norris, where the freight train was waiting. The express came along at terrific speed in an effort to make up time.

The dead: P. B. Cliver, Waterloo; Will Goodman, Waterloo; John N. Watson, Waterloo; C. L. Landphere, Shell Rock, Iowa; Wray Johnson, Dike, Iowa; B. R. Christy, Minneapolis; Lepovan Toja, Hammond, Ind.; W. H. Meyers, baggage man; four unidentified men. The severely injured: J. H. Douglass, Waterloo; collarbone and arm broken; Thomas Evanson, Mors, Minn.; leg broken; V. O. Martin, mail clerk; W. H. Myers, Albert Lea, Minn.; arms and legs crushed; J. A. Newell, conductor; arm torn off; Dr. Charles J. O'Keefe, Marble Rock, Iowa; leg crushed; John Shaw, Waterloo.

HARVESTER TRUST PAYS FINE.

Gives $35,000 to the State of Texas and Agrees to Quit Business.

Austin, Texas.—The International Harvester Company of Wisconsin pleaded guilty in the anti-trust suits instituted against it by the State of Texas and paid the fine of $35,000 assessed by the court.

The company also subscribed to the perpetual injunction fobidding it from operating in any way in Texas.

The Pulpit

A SUNDAY SERMON BY THE REV. IRA WEMMEL HENDERSON.

Subject: Death.

Brooklyn, N. Y.—Preaching at the Irving Square Presbyterian Church, Hamburg avenue and Weirfield street, on the theme, "Death," the Rev. Ira Wemmell Henderson, pastor, took as his text those words which are found so frequently in the earlier part of the Old Testament scriptures, "And he died." He said:

Death is a subject of which we do not like to speak. It is a subject we avoid. The most of us endeavor to forget that there is such a fact for us. Many of us live as though we had eliminated it from our lives.

It is the fashion in the church nowadays not to preach about death with any frequency. For the people quite largely do not desire sermons on that theme. Ministers forbear to press home its consideration. They do not care to urge men to come to Christ by playing on the element of fear in their characters. And strangely enough death and fear have been correlative terms for generations.

Death used to be a forceful and popular subject for pulpit presentation. The divines of a century and more ago made their lasting reputations because of their masterly expositions of the scriptures about death.

Many a soul was swung into obedience to God by the impulse of an intense and vivid sermon on death.

However unwise it may be to lead men to God and to Christ through fear of death, it is much more unwise never to bring this fact to their attention. For the life after death is the major part of our existence. The days that God allots to us here are but a minute fraction of the ages we shall live, if we be righteous, within Him forever. This life is not all of life. Nor does death end all.

However difficult and distasteful a subject death may be to discuss, it repays investigation and consideration. We may not care to study it, to face it, to analyze it. But we ought.

For death is inevitable. It is certain that as we have come into this world we shall, in all human probability, go out of it. We cannot escape death. We cannot avoid it. We ought not to hasten it. We must give it consideration. For it is sure to come. We do not know the day or the hour. We cannot forecast the time. No man can tell the order in which we shall go hence, you and I. But the last day will dawn upon earth for each of us. The chimes will ring a last farewell upon our ears. The call of relentless death will ring through every soul. We may not be able to forecast death's coming, but he will arrive. We may not be able to enumerate the order of our going, but we shall go. For death is inevitable. His coming is inescapable. He stands waiting at the terminus of every life. And we should not fear if we fear God.

For death is natural. It is as natural as it is inevitable. It is as natural as birth. There is nothing unusual about it however mysterious its processes may be. It is as natural to die as it is to be born. Men talk of death as though it were a hiatus. Death is not a break. It is a method of procession. They speak of death as something that ought not to be. We shall not discuss that to-day. But we shall assert without fear of contradiction that in the world as it is at present constituted death is a valuable asset to humanity.

For death is not final but transitional. It is not a goal. It is but an incident in the life of the soul as it flies through life into eternity. Death is not ultimate. It is not terminal. Death is not an end itself. It is not the last of life though it comes at the end of this life. For if death is final it is at least questionable whether it were any use to live at all. If death is absolute and ultimate, if it writes finis to the close of every man's life, then in the words of Paul, "of all men most miserable." There may be use and there may be wisdom in living simply for the sake of living and then dying, with no hope of eternity, with no expectation of a life beyond, with no promise of immortality. But such a philosophy, however sound it may be for some minds, does not appeal to me. For I am persuaded that we live to some greater purpose than just to die, and go back into the dust and be forever forgotten—forever. I am persuaded that we are more than the flower of the field or the grass thereof, which to-day is and to-morrow is consumed by the quenchable fire. For God has written in my heart, and I hope He has in yours, a promise of another life and of a nobler and a fairer world. I look for a land and a life that is eternal, a heavenly country.

For, to me, death is a portal. It is a gate. It is a boon, a gift of God, a blessing. To my mind it writes "to be continued" after the last word of the last chapter of the record of every soul's earthly life has been inscribed upon the pages of human history. For death is more a beginning than an ending. It is a door through which we enter into the undiscovered country. It affords us a vision of another world the view of which is withholden from our mortal eyes. It releases us from the circumscriptions of earth. It unlocks the mystery of eternity. It unfolds the future existence before us. Through it we achieve a knowledge of the unknown. To those of us who have endeavored sincerely, however partially we have succeeded, to do the will of God and to submit ourselves to His divine control, death comes as a friend over whom we may rejoice. Not that we should desire to die. For this is a good life. Not that we should regret that we have days ahead that we must fill full of action and of holy living. Not that we should pray for death as a surcease from care and from pain and from disciplines. But we welcome and expect death, if we be in Christ, as a friend, because it augments our days, and expands our opportunities, and clarifies our vision, and intensifies our knowledge. And that is good.

This death, which is inevitable and natural in the career of every man, whether he be rich or poor, wise or ignorant, good or bad, may be terrible, doubtful or beautiful, according to the manner of our lives and the quality of our characters. For death cannot be bought off by riches. Neither does he pass the hovel. He is no respecter of intelligence. His hand is heavy and his arm is long to seize and to project into eternity that which is immortal in good and evil men alike. And it simply depends upon the kind of man you are whether death will be terrible, doubtful or beautiful to you.

To a bad man death must be terrible. That is to say, if he possesses the least spark of moral consciousness or spiritual susceptibility. Aye, it is terrible. And it ought to be. A bad man ought to be afraid to die. A man whose whole life has contravened God's law, whose continued and cumulative effort has been to follow the lusts of his own heart and the dictates of his own will, who has sought not to please God, but to find favor with men, who has constructively planned and effected overt sin, who has denied the call of conscience and deified Satan daily, ought to be afraid to die. Death ought to be terrible to him. In his last hours such a man could best evidence that he was a man and not a beast by elevating the fear of God to supreme prominence in his mind. A man whose whole life as a consciously active free moral agent has been dedicated to the stultification of the mandates of the Almighty and to the exaltation of sin as a method of living ought to be anxious to reverse the call of death and the decision of fate. He ought to want another chance in this life to fit him for the next life. It would be strange if bad men were not afraid to die. It would be curious if they could face eternity unabashed. For death to a sinful soul must be terrible. To go forth into a new life unprepared, to enter into the presence of eternity at enmity with God; what could be more awful?

Death may be doubtful. Many men there are who, obeying the dictates of God as they hear them and His laws as they read them, have attained a moral eminence that is not inconsiderable; but who, as they stand in the presence of the usual but inscrutable mystery of death, confess that they await its power without hope and with simply a scientific spirit of inquisitiveness. There is for them no certainty of a future life. They do not protest that death necessarily ends all. They simply express the opinion that, so far as they are concerned, death is a locked gate, a sealed portal, a bolted, barred, impenetrable door. They declare that while there may be a life beyond this they have no valid ground for expressed hope therein, no reason to stay their souls in the expectation of eternal existence. They know not. Theirs is the philosophy of agnosticism. Still others deny that there is another life in another world. Theirs is the negative philosophy of atheism. And neither is scientific or satisfying in the largest or most enduring way. For we need and desire and demand as rational and expectant human beings something more than indecision and negation. The soul requires a true soul food. It does not thrive on agnosticism or infidelity.

Death may be beautiful, it may be welcome, it may be an inspiration. It is so to godly men, men of faith and of vision, men who are versed in the philosophy of heaven and who are acquainted with the scientific formulae of the discipline of the soul. It is beautiful and gracious to those who are God's in Christ—supremely so. For the Christian knows that death is not only inevitable and natural, but that it is simply transitional, that it is a portal. The Christian is certain that eternal life is. The Christian believes from a conscious experience in the fact of God. He hopes, not without reason, for eternal life and eternal blessedness within God in heaven. For has not Christ assumed him that God and heaven are? Has He not said: "I go to prepare a place for you. And if I go and prepare a place for you I will come again and receive you unto Myself?" And Christ not only has said that to the Christian through the medium of the Scriptures. He has also spoken these words of comfort presently to the human hearts of Christian believers. And God has ceaselessly thundered the truth of immortality through the recesses of human souls. "Blessed are the pure in heart, for they shall see God" eternally.

Death, for the Christian, is to be welcomed, whensoever it may come, with a holy awe, without fear. For death is sublime. It is the cap of the climax of the Christian earthly life. It is our illumination, our inspiration, our reward. It enlarges our joys and certifies our hopes. We should await it in the spirit of that man of God whom the other day, in the presence of a multitude of men, as he stood upon the eminence of four score years and upon the borderland of eternity, I heard say, "I await death with joy. To me the thought that I shall die is sublime. For I know that if I die I shall live again." His hearers were electrified. His tones thrilled. His hope was contagious. We, too, should await death with a cheer.

THE SUNDAY SCHOOL.

INTERNATIONAL LESSON COMMENTS FOR SEPT. 15 BY THE REV. I. W. HENDERSON.

Subject: Moses Pleading With Israel, Deut. 6:1-15—Golden Text, Deut. 6:12 — Memory Verses, 4-7—Commentary.

This speech of Moses to Israel, of which the lesson is only a fraction, is, to the mind of the writer, one of the greatest addresses in literature. Profound in its philosophy and searching in its call for the recognition of the rights of God in His relationship to humanity it is an imperishable contribution to the literature of the world. It is majestic.

The whole book of Deuteronomy is as majestic as this speech. Professor Moulton, in his introduction to the book of Deuteronomy, in the Modern Reader's Bible, says: "It is not an exaggeration of literature to say that no work of literature which has ever appeared has produced a greater sensation that the book of Deuteronomy. Everyone knows the romantic episode of its first appearance in history—a discovery or a rescue from oblivion which would be the equivalent of a discovery. King Josiah with youthful fervor is meditating a repair of the temple; the treasury is cleared out, and in it is found a book. Whether this was Deuteronomy itself or a larger roll including it we have no means of determining; but it was certainly the contents of Deuteronomy which produced the effect that followed this discovery. The book was read before the king; he rent his clothes as he listened; a thrill of horror went through the nation at the denunciations of woe against idolatry coming to light when the idolatry was fully established in the land. There ensues the most sudden reformation movement in all history. First, there is the great gathering in the temple, 'all the men of Judah and all the inhabitants of Jerusalem, and the priests, and the prophets, and all the people, both small and great.' The book is read before them; they enter into covenant with the Lord, the king leading them from his lofty platform. Then they turn to a fury of purging zeal; there is breaking of idolatrous vessels, shattering of obelisks, defiling of high places throughout the land and the slaying of their priests. Then with a recovered sense of national purity the people feel able to keep the feast; 'surely there was not kept such a passover from the days of the judges that judged Israel, nor in all the days of the kings of Israel, nor of the kings of Judah.'"

The lesson is so full of meat that it is hard to cover it with justice in a column. We shall consider three points that are suggestive: 1. Verse five, Love for God. 2. Verse seven, Teaching Children. 3. Verses ten and eleven, God's Gifts.

Love for God is the one thing that from the human standpoint is necessary to-day. Men will not much desire to do God's will unless they have affection for Him. They will not love their fellow creatures as they should unless they have a thorough-going love for God. They will lend themselves to all sorts of wickedness and practice every variety of meanness if their souls are not surcharged with such a love for God as shall make them amenable to the control of the divine decrees. Nations need this as much as do individuals. We shall never beat our armaments into agricultural implements until we get the world in an attitude of love toward God. The world knows that God loves it, especially the civilized world. What we need is to secure a reciprocity of affection from the manward side. Without it the world is doomed.

It is not sufficient that men shall be lovers of God themselves. It is necessary that they shall teach their children the principles of moral and religious truth that dominate their lives. And the Protestant church has much to learn along this line. The Catholic church, however much we may disagree with its theological tenets, is the greatest success that the world has ever seen in the matter of the direction and control of the child mind. And the Protestant church might well learn a lesson from that success. Proper direction and instruction during the first ten years of the life of a child will, almost invariably, determine the movement of its mind during the rest of its life. Our children are entitled to the most cultivated, intellectual and spiritual nourishment and guidance that the world affords. To-day may direct the destiny of to-morrow.

Another thing that we had well remember, especially in this land, is that God has given us the land without any effort of our own. It is no less true of us than it was of Israel. America needs this message of Moses to Israel beyond any nation in the world to-day. We had best be careful not to forget God in this gift-land of our inheritance. The religious heritage of America is her pearl beyond price. May she not barter either her inheritance or her heritage for a mess of pottage. The danger is that in our prosperity we shall forget the Providence that four centuries ago unveiled this land to the gaze of Christendom. The danger is that we shall let go our grasp on God. The danger is that in the last analysis we of to-day shall forget that we did not build the land, or fill the houses with good things, or dig the wells. The danger is that being filled and satisfied we shall become self-satisfied; that being secured of God in our prosperity we shall become self-sufficient. Let us beware.

The Mapleton Item

I. N. SWOPE. Editor and Owner.
L. L. PARKER, Publisher.

THE ITEM WILL BE PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY AT THE FOLLOWING RATES IN ADVANCE:

ONE YEAR.....$1.00
SIX MONTHS.....50
THREE MONTHS.....25

Entered at the Post Office at Mapleton Depot, Pa. as second-class matter.

The Beginning of School.

The borough schools opened Monday for a seven-months' term. To too many boys and girls the opening of school means no more than the ending of vacation and the resuming of unpleasant duties. Those who hold such views are to be pitied. To every boy and girl of school age the beginning of each school term should mean the re-opening of the door of oppostunity, entrance into which should be hailed with delight and pleasure, and within which door the mind should revel in pursuit of the talents which make for usefulness, goodness and success in life and increase the capacity for happiness and enjoyment in eternity.

Many parents in Mapleton and elsewhere take a sordid view of life and require the fruits of their children's labor at a period in life when the time could be spent to far greater advantage. This narrow view impairs for all time the usefulness of their posterity and soon so permeates the ideas of the child as to cause him or her to find the ideal of life to be measured by a monetary standard. The ITEM would not suggest idleness for any boy or girl nor would it for a moment detract from the dignity of honest labor. We believe in earnest, honest, hard work and every boy and girl should early and always be impressed with the fact that labor is honorable and idleness disgraceful. But school work is, or should be, honest labor and to keep a child out of school in order to reap the benefit of the paltry sum of money it may earn is shameful, criminal and unpatriotic. Far better is it to urge and encourage every child to labor earnestly to solve the problem of securing an education. With such help as the state offers there is no reason why there should be any illiteracy among the people.

Never in the history of the nation has there been such a demand for young men of fair education, good habits and strict integrity. The idlers, loungers, cigarette fiends, obscene and profane are not in demand and it ought to be the ambition of every boy to qualify for the best positions. A gentleman prominently identified with one of the largest establishments in this section of the state said to the editor of the ITEM less than ten days ago that his company could place a large number of young men in good positions with the best of opportunities for advancement if the right kind could be found. It is a great misfortune that our young men do not grasp these opportunities and measure up to the requirements. The Pennsylvania Railroad company has felt the scarcity of young men tor the positions it has to offer and as a possible remedy has equipped a department of the Altoona high school for the training of young men along the lines of its requirements. Too much stress cannot be placed on the necessity of courteous manners and good habits as these are becoming more and more essential requirements with employers.

The teachers in charge of our schools are good, capable instructors, who, we believe, will discharge their duties faithfully and parents and patrons should heartily co-operate with the teachers. The teacher needs sympathy, encouragement and loyal support and the success of the school may be measured in proportion as these are cheerfully given.

These lines are written with the hope that the boys and girls who read them may be inspired to put forth their very best efforts to make of themselves noble, useful and, consequently, successful men and women. Such are needed the world over and such are never required to seek a place, and a cultivated intelligence, conscientiously acquired in the public schools, is the very best preparation for a useful and successful life.

Occasional headache, belching, bad taste in the mouth, lack of appetite and slight nervousness are symptoms of indigestion which, when allowed to go uncared for, will develop into a case of dyspepsia that will take a long time to get rid of. Don't neglect your stomach. At the first indication of trouble take something that will help it along in its work of digesting the food you eat. Kodol for Indigestion and Dyspepsia will do this. Kodol will make your food do you good and will enable you to enjoy what you eat. Sold by Wright & Dell.

ORBISONIA.

As usual business is good all along the line of the East Broad Top railroad.

William Kelley, an aged soldier, is critically ill at his home on Water street.

A little son of Jackson Rodgers of Ashman street, has been on the sick list for a couple weeks past.

All vegetation is very much revived since the recent rains. The flowers are beautiful everywhere.

Mrs. Daniel Mansberger and Mrs. Harbaugh, of Trough Creek, were welcome visitors at the home of Mrs. Daniel Locke on Water street Saturday and Sunday last. Come again, friends.

Mrs Christ Price, of Cromwell street, is very ill, with no hopes of her recovery. Mrs. Rev, Blackburn has typhoid fever. Her host of friends are hoping she may be spared to her family who need her so much.

Miss Gertie Graham, of Orbisonia, who was in attendance at the Sunday School convention at Mapleton and who stopped at her uncle's in Mount Union to visit, is now down with typhoid fever at the latter place.

This community is being shocked almost every day with sad news of someone being killed in some accident. Today (Monday) a Mr. McAllister is being brought to our neighbor, Mrs. William Mills' home, the unfortunate man who met an untimely death being a brother of Mrs. Mills.

The W. C. T. U. convention held in our town last week was a success and we believe the members here have been greatly encouraged and helped by the visiting sisters. Mrs. Norine Law gave a strong talk on the advancement of the temperance cause which was highly appreciated by all.

On Saturday a little daughter of A. Grant Roher, of Altoona, who was visiting at Jesse Rupert's in Rockhill, was kicked on the side of the head by a mule and rendered unconscious for a time. Dr. Taylor rendered medical aid and she is getting along nicely. She might have been instantly killed.

The G. A. R. picnic held in the Markle House grove on Saturday last was good, but not so great a crowd as was expected, yet all seemed to enjoy themselves and the hearty hand-shakes as friends met showed they were glad to be there. The speaking was fine. Some were disappointed in not seeing the promised sham battle.

MARKLESBURG.

Potato rot following the blight.

Mrs. H. N. Plummer is quite ill at this writing.

Ed Hellyer and daughter, of Alexandria, Sundayed with friends here.

Holly C. Crum has charge of the railroad office this week at Coaldale.

John C. Steinbach came up from the City of Brotherly Love on Saturday.

Tommy Collins has returned to his home after several weeks' stay in North Carolina.

Ground too wet to work the entire week from the excessive rains of Monday and Tuesday.

Charles Lengle and wife, of Pitcairn, are spending a week pleasantly at the home of Mr. Lengle's father.

Washington Moyer, a native of Woodcock valley, but for many years a resident of Kansas, is visiting his native heath.

Miss Ada Householder left on Sunday for Alexandria, Miss Householder was elected teacher of one of the schools in that wide awake borough.

Comrades Samuel Magill and George T. Wallace, members of Matthew G. Isett post of the G. A. R., left on Saturday to attend the meeting of the G. A. R. at Saratoga.

Among late visitors we noticed Mrs. A. N. Campbell, Miss Tena Hetrick and William Auman, of Huntingdon; Mr. and Mrs. Spang, of Hollidaysburg, and Jimmy Allen, of Riddlesburg.

We are glad to note that Herman Bear, suffering from typhoid fever at the home of his sister in Pittsburgh, has so far recovered as to be able to return to the home of his parents on Saturday last.

C. L. IN.

Ethel Bumgardner spent last week at her father's home.

J. C. Shaffer attended the Wright reunion at Pine Grove on Saturday last.

Mrs. Wensel, of Huntingdon, attended Sabbath school and communion services here on Sunday.

There is to be a festival at the U. B. Church lawn on Saturday evening. Proceeds for the benefit of the congregation.

Mrs. Alfred Brown and Miss Nora Heeter, of Clear Ridge, Fulton, Co., called on the Stevens families Saturday till Monday.

Elmer Irvin who left this place a few weeks ago to find a more congenial clime has returned, thinking that there is no place like home.

Jesse D. Shore is cleaning up the Locust Grove Cemetery. This is the only burying ground in this valley that their is no soldiers sleeping in it.

Quite a number of Wright representatives passed through this place on the way to the third annual reunion of Abram Wright decendants.

Our merchant Charles Stevens went to Fulton Co. last week and brought home a fine driving horse and now our town has one horse and one dog for the assessor.

Dr. John Foust, of Reynoldsville, Pa., called on relatives here on Sunday. The Dr. spent the most of his youthful days at this place hence he loves his old stamping grounds.

LITTLE TROUGH CREEK.

Plowing is the order of the day.

We are glad to note the continued improvement of Dr. B. F. Chilcott, of Osborne, Kansas.

Miss Grace L. Crotsley is spending a couple of weeks with her friend Miss Ida Morrow at Orbisonia.

Miss Lola Swope was quite severely shaken up and somewhat bruised by being thrown from a carriage near Calvin Saturday night.

We hear some complaint that the potatoes are rotting, being caused by the blight; also that some corn is injured from blight. We trust that it will not be serious.

The Wright reunion near Pine Grove on Saturday last was a success, everything going off Wright (right). We would say more but presume some one of the connection will write it up.

Mrs. Allie Kurtz, of Johnstown, spent her vacation with her mother, Mrs. Barton Greenland, of Colfax. Mr. and Mrs. Clinton Hazzard, of Altoona, are also spending some time at the same place.

Miss Ana del Canto, of Apane, Mexico, who is attending Williamsport Dickinson seminary, and Miss Ida Morrow, of Orbisonia, spent two weeks of their vacation with Miss Grace Crotsley and while there parties and excursions were in order and from observation the young people of the community had a very enjoyable time.

TODD.

Miss Araminta Taylor is again able to be out.

The farmers are busy threshing and getting ready for seeding.

Mr. and Mrs. Newton Hampton are the proud parents of a young son.

A young son was born to Mr. and Mrs. William Anderson a few days ago.

Some of our young people attended the festival held at Cassville on Saturday evening.

Mrs. Sue Pheasant, of Pogue, spent the past week with her daughter, Mrs. H. J. Buckley.

Don't forget the picnic to be held at the Grange hall on Saturday. Everybody welcome.

Scott Long's family visited at the home of Mrs. Long's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Oliver Curfman, a few days ago.

Our schools will open on September 23 for a term of six months.

John M. Querry.

John M. Querry, died at his residence in Mt. Union, Wednesday morning August 28th, 1907, after a few months illness of stomach trouble. He was aged 52 years, 11 months and 28 days.

A kind and loving father from us has gone, and will be sadly missed, he being a member of the Presbyterian Church. The funeral services were conducted at the home, by Rev. Campbell, of Mount Union, assisted by Rev. Swigart, of Huntingdon, on Snnday afternoon, September 1st, at 2 o'clock. He leaves a sorrowing wife and three children, Misses Blanche, Julia and Clara, who are at home with their mother, also the following brothers and sisters: George W. Querry and Mrs. G. D. Shaffer of Mt. Union, James D. Querry, and Mrs. Mary Lynn, of Union township.

Two more hands are gently folded
On a faithful father's breast,
Two more feet have ceased to wander
Through life's stormy wilderness.

One more head has ceased its aching.
One more heart has ceased to beat,
One more soul has sought its casket,
Gone to heaven's safe retreat.

One dear face no more appearing,
When the breakfast table's spread,
One dear voice no more will answer
When the kind good night is said,

And we listen, fondly listen,
For a word we cannot hear,
For the music of his footsteps
Never more will greet our ear,

Oft we think we hear our father
Coming through the open door,
Then we tearfully remember
Father will come home no more.

All his earthly labors over,
Gone with cares no more oppressed,
Where the wicked cease from troubling
And the weary are at rest.

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The high wages paid make it a mighty temptation to our young artisans to join the force of skilled workmen needed to construct the Panama Canal. Many are restrained however by the fear of fevers and malaria. It is the knowing ones—those who have used Electric Bitters, who go there without this fear, well knowing they are safe from malarious influence with Electric Bitters on hand. Cures blood poison too, biliousness, weakness and all stomach, liver and kidney troubles. Guaranteed by Wright & Dell. 50c.

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Paraffine Wax, per pound	12c
All Machine Threads, per spool	5c
Lancaster Gihghams, per yard	8c
Most Calicoes at 6c per yard	

HARRY E. HUSTON,

SALTILLO, - - - PENNA

APPLICATION FOR CHARTER.

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania on Tuesday the 17th day of September, A. D. 1907, by Samuel Hatfield, William P. Woods and Wallace Wilson, under the Act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations", approved April 24, 1874, and the supplements thereto, for the charter of an intended corporation to be called "Mapleton Electric Company", the character and object whereof is the supplying of light, heat and power by means of electricity to the public in the Borough of Mapleton, Huntingdon County, Penna., and to such persons firms, associations and corporations therein and adjacent thereto as may desire the same and for these purposes to have possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges of the said Act of Assembly and its supplements.

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The Mapleton Item.

Mapleton Depot, Pa., Sep. 11, 1907

List of Jurors for September Court.

GRAND JURORS, 3d MONDAY, 16th DAY.

Archey T J, clerk, Huntingdon
Brown George, farmer, Springfield
Cook Solomon, farmer, Todd
Cree Jesse H, carpenter, Smithfield
Croft Charles, carpenter, Huntingdon
Focht John, carpenter, Huntingdon
Fisher Howard, farmer, Spruce Creek
Gehrett James W, gunsmith, Smithfield
Green Irvin, lumberman, Cass
Garner Irvin, lumberman, Penn
Hutchinson J L, farmer, Barree
Hess Harrison, farmer, Lincoln
Hommand John, farmer, Cromwell
Hefright Charles, laborer, Huntingdon
Lytle John W, clerk, Huntingdon
Lynn Abram, farmer, Lincoln
Metz George, farmer, Brady
Mierley J C, farmer, Porter
Shope William, farmer, Shirley
Steel R M, merchant, Huntingdon
Snyder John W, drayman, Huntingdon
Schmittle Grant, laborer, Rockhill
Trimble John, railroader, Birmingham
Wright A D, farmer, Todd

PETIT JURORS, 3d MONDAY, 16th DAY.

Anspach Lewis, carpenter, Petersburg
Aultman Gustave, miller, Porter
Allen A M, farmer, Porter
Borst J W, farmer, West
Bush John, farmer, Shirley
Bergens P H, superintendent, Huntingdon
Black Edward, teamster, Carbon
Ambrose J B, laborer, Huntingdon
Armitage Charles, laundryman, Huntingdon
Clark W A, foreman, Huntingdon
Chaplain J C, farmer, West
Cree H R, railroader, Smithfield
Donley O G, agent, Birmingham
Foreman Simon, carpenter, Mount Union
Fetterhoff George, farmer, Spruce Creek
Gilliland Allison, farmer, West
Gilliland Geo W, farmer, Cromwell
Grove John P, farmer, Penn
Garner Luden, farmer, Penn
Guyer Adolph, miner, Carbon
Harrison W H, clerk, Mount Union
Herncane Reed, laborer, Petersburg
Hess Silas, contractor, Coalmont
Henderson Frank, blacksmith, Oneida
Hoover Orbison, faomer, Penn
Hoover David, saddler, Huntingdon
Hillier W F, printer, Huntingdon
Jackson Thomas, moulder, Huntingdon
Kimmel S M, merchant, Saltillo
Leonard Joseph, farmer, Shirley
Lightner Samuel H, farmer, West
Lynn William, farmer, Dublin
Lauder Jacob D, farmer, Porter
Long Harry, farmer, Cromwell
Longenecker Miles, farmer, West
McCool James, farmer, Oneida
Miller Peter, farmer, Tell
Morrow Roy, farmer, Springfield
McManus Guy, farmer, Barree
McCartney Elliott, farmer, Dublin
Maxwell H W, merchant, Mount Union
Neff Edward, farmer, Franklin
Norris B D, farmer, Penn
Patterson W H, gent, Morris
Rupert G W, farmer, Henderson
Shue John, farmer, Cromwell
Schmittle John, farmer, Tell
Shultz Dewalt I, merchant, Lincoln
Stonebraker W H, merchant, Brady
Simpson John G, merchant, Huntingdon
Schnee W W, undertaker, Jackson
Taylor Miles, farmer, Henderson
Vaughan George, laborer, Mount Union
Weaver Guy, merchant, Saltillo
Whitsel Charles, laborer, Cromwell
Weller Harvey, laborer, Marklesburg
Wilson James R, farmer, Oneida
Wigton John D, farmer, Franklin
Weight Henry, gent, Three Springs
Yetter Frank, laborer, Mapleton

TRAVERSE JURORS, 4th MONDAY AND 23d DAY.

Abbott Harry, miner, Dudley
Bare Walter, miner, Springfield
Baughman Harvey, stone mason, Mt. Union
Baldwin F W, tailor, Huntingdon
Cox W E, painter, Warriorsmark
Crownover Alex, farmer, Dublin
Deviney H W, laborer, Mount Union
Donelson J C, carpenter, Rockhill
Fields Oliver, farmer, Clay
Fouse B G, merchant, Marklesburg
Gates David sr, laborer, Brady
Goodman Jesse, carpenter, Huntingdon
Grove J D, clerk, Huntingdon
Gillam John G, gent, Huntingdon
Gibboney J P, farmer, Jackson
Heffner William, farmer, Walker
Hess James J, railroader, Penn
Henderson A J, laborer, Cass
Hampton Thomas, laborer, Dublin
Jenkins David, farmer, Cromwell
Kern John W, laborer, Tell
Knode H H, gent, Alexandria
Lynn Samuel, farmer, Hopewell
Mosser George, clerk, Huntingdon
McBride James, carpenter, Huntingdon
McMath John J, innkeeper, Tell
McMath John P, farmer, Tell
Mansbarger Daniel, farmer, Cass
Morgan Lewis, farmer, Shirley
Oliver A W, farmer, Franklin
Rupert Paul, superintendent, Saltillo
Starr Andrew J, farmer, Tell
Scott Harvey, farmer, Logan
Smith James, farmer, Henderson
States O P blacksmith, Walker
Snyder S L, foreman, Petersburg
Shore James E, lumberman, Springfield
Stevans A A, mail carrier, Huntingdon
William Winters, laborer, Birmingham
Warsing D H, laborer, Orbisonia
Wright J Wesley, farmer, Henderson

GRANGERS AT CENTRE HALL, PA.

For the Patrons of Husbandry Exhibition at Centre Hall, Pa., September 14-20 the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell special excursion tickets to Centre Hall from stations in Pennsylvania, and from Baltimore and Elmira at reduced rates (Minimum rate 25 cents). Tickets will be sold September 13 to 20; good to return until September 23, inclusive. 9-4-2t

Lost and Found.

Lost, between 9.30 p. m., yesterday and noon to-day, a bilious attack, with nausea and sick headache. This loss was occasioned by finding at Wright & Dell's store a box of Dr. King's New Life Pills. Guaranteed for biliousness, malaria and jaundice. 25c.

The way to get rid of a cold, whether it be a "bad cold" or just a little one, is to get it out of your system through the bowels. Nearly all Cough Cures, especially those that contain opiates, are constipating. Kennedy's Laxative Cough Syrup contains no opiates and acts gently on the bowels. Pleasant to take. Sold by Wright & Dell

Jewish New Year.

At sunset Sunday evening the Jewish people throughout the world began the celebration of Rosh Hashanah, or the festival of the New Year. It is the beginning of year 5668 of the Hebrew calendar, which is traditionally supposed to count from the creation of the world.

The celebration of the New Year's festival is more generally observed by the Jews than any other of the numerous feasts and fasts in their calendar, with the single exception of Yom Kippur, or the feast of the Day of Atonement, which follows close upon it.

Among orthodox Jews the ceremonies in connection with Rosh Hashanah extend over two days. With what is termed the reformed element, those who have accepted the modern interpretation of the Scriptures, while the celebration of the festival is as strictly observed as among the orthodox, it is confined to one day. The religious observance of the festival enjoins entire abstention from business and all labor, and the attendance upon the religious services at the synagogues.

A prominent feature of the services in the synagogues is the blowing of the ram's horn, or shofar. The reason for blowing the horn can be traced back to the beginning of the Jewish race and is supposed to remind the children of Israel that the time for repentance is at hand and they should realize that they have committed sins which should be atoned for. After the blowing of the horn special services and prayers are held to commemorate the occasion.

Originally the Jewish people observed but one day, but as years have gone by since the destruction of the temple, and because of the doubt as to which of the two days is the right one, the orthodox make doubly sure by observing two days so that they may not go wrong.

Between the new year and the Day of Atonement, which this year comes on Wednesday, September 18, it is the custom to visit the graves of the dead and to pray for the repose of their souls.

The Day of Atonement services eclipse those of the new year in their solemnity. It is a fast day. In the evening the Kol Nidre, a prayer to God for the preservation of the lives of the people for another year, is sung. The following day the people will go to the synagogue early in the morning and will remain in prayer all day long. In the orthodox synagogues many men remain standing all day long. The women, too, remain in the prayer house all day and weep for forgiveness. At the end of 24 hours of fast and continual prayer the shofar is blown for the last time and the services are at an end. All go home and partake lightly of some food. People who have been enemies during the previous year are supposed to forgive each other and start friendship anew with all good feeling and best wishes.

Prompt Payers.

The following subscriptions have been received at this office:

Alvah S. Dell	Aug. 25, '07
A. F. Parker	Sep. 13, '07
John A. Cree	Aug. 14, '07
Amos Moore	July 8, '03
J. W. Chilcote	July 28, '02
John M. Quarry	Aug. 21, '07
Mrs. S. E. Dell	Sep. 1, '07
B. F. Baker	July 4, '07
Mrs. F. G. Sleep	Oct. 8, '07
James D. Sloan	Jan. 2, '08
Charles W. Weaver	July 11, '08
Mrs. L. S. Wible	Dec. 7, '07
John S. Henderson	Dec. 10, '07
A. H. Stever	Oct. 10, '07
William Matthews	Dec. 15, '07
J. W. Weston	Sep. 19, '07
John H. Stever	Aug. 8, '08
Samuel Clemens	May 15, '01
R. H. Price	July 15, '07
W. H. Smith	June 10, '08
Bruce Smith	Nov. 30, '07
C. M. Pheasant	May 1, '07
R. S. Henderson	July 4, '08
William Heller	June 9, '08
Mrs. H. O. Andrews	Feb. 17, '08
J. Melvin Miller	Aug. 15, '07
W. F. Gillam	July 1, '08
Mrs. H. C. Fisher	Oct. 4, '07
M. J. Deeter	Nov. 26, '07
Mrs. H. D. Wicks	April 10, '08
N. A. Skipper	March 8, '08
A. Loy Rex	Oct. 4, '07
Miss Ettie Cutshall	Dec. 24, '07
J. W. Stumbaugh	Sept. 9, '07
H. W. Truax	Feb. 28, '08
A. B. Baker	April 10, '08
L. M. Speer	April 10, '08
W. E. Hack	Dec. 7, '07
Mrs. Mollie Skipper	Nov. 23, '07

The Touch That Heals.

Is the touch of Bucklen's Arnica Salve. It's the happiest combination of Arnica flowers and healing balsams ever compounded. No matter how old the sore or ulcer is, this salve will cure it. For burns, scalds, cuts, wounds or piles, it has no equal. Guaranteed by Wright & Dell. 50c.

DeWitt's Carbolized Witch Hazel Salve is good for boils, cuts, scalds and skin diseases. It is especially good for piles. Sold by Wright & Dell.

LIST OF CAUSES FOR TRIAL.

SEPTEMBER TERM, 1907.

First Week, Third Monday, 16th Day.

F. S. Tierney vs. C. H. Miller.
The Samuel Ach Co. vs. D. R. P. Enyeart
L. M. Neyens vs. Lewis E. Port.
L. M. Neyens vs. Lewis E. Port.
L. M. Neyens vs. Lewis E. Port.
George L. Smith vs. Ross W. Quarry, James D. Quarry.
Herbert W. Richardson vs. George E. Mierley Mrs. George E. Mierley.

Second Week, Fourth Monday, 23d Day.

John F. Trexler and John Trexler vs J. Murray Africa and Edlebute.
American Car & Foundry Company, sub contractor, vs. Alexandria Water Co., owners, or reputed owners, and Wm. M. Powell & Co., contractors, with notice to the Borough of Alexandria and John Phillips.
Frank C. Lane, Geo. E. Mierley, James G. Lane and Geo. Garver, exrs. of James Lane Wm. B. Lane, exr. of Wm. F. Lane and Fannie D. Galbraith, vs The East Broad Top Railroad & Coal Co.
E. H. Welker vs. D. M. Anderson,
D. W. Anderson vs. E. H. Welker.
John Beers, Clarence P. Green and A M, Chilcoat, trading as Beers, Green & Co., vs. The Lurgen Mutual Fire Insurance Co.
S. W. Kimmel vs. Eleanor M. Scott, owner or, reputed owner, with notice to Chas. C. Brewster, Esq., and Chas. C. Brewster, trustee, terre tenant and J. S. Harpster terre tenant.
Andrew Forsey vs. E. P. Gates.
W. H. Mounts and Geo. A. Wise, Barton Shore, M. J. Monihen, Melvin Miller, W. D. Grainey, Alvin Decker and C. C. Somers, for use of W. H. Mounts, vs. The Swope Gayton Quarry Co., and Clair C. Wright, J. W. Kauffman and I. N. Swope, stockholders.
Reuben Rudy v. James L. Keller.
John W. Kean vs. D. Cameron Park.
J. E. Smucker vs. The Burgess and Town Council of the Borough of Huntingdon,
W. McGowan vs. Margaret M. Hunter. William Caldwell, Nellie Caldwell.
J. G. Boyer and S. H. Boyer, for use of Chas. H. Boyer, vs. C. Hessen Boyer.

Tired mother, worn out by the peevish, cross baby have found Cascasweet a boom and a blessing. Cascasweet is for babies and children, and especially good for the ills so common in hot weather. Look for the ingredients printed on the bottle. Contains no harmful drugs. Sold by Wright & Dell.

FOR RENT—House in Mill Creek. Within 200 feet of station. Three rooms upstairs, two down, basement and cellar. $5.50 per month. Dr. G. W. Simpson.

HUNTINGDON AND BROAD TOP RAILROAD.

On and after Monday, June 23, 1903, trains will arrive and depart as follows:

SOUTH		STATIONS	NORTH	
Expr's A M	Mail P M		Mail A M	F Line P M
8 35	5 56	Huntingdon	11 10	5 15
8 45	6 05	McConnellstown	11 00	5 05
8 50	6 09	Grafton	10 56	5 00
8 55	6 14	Brumbaugh	10 51	4 55
8 59	6 18	Marklesburg	10 47	4 51
9 06	6 25	Entrikin	10 40	4 44
9 11	6 30	Beaver	10 35	4 39
9 16	6 35	Cove	10 30	4 34
9 27	6 46	Saxton	10 20	4 23
9 31	6 50	Clark	10 15	4 18
9 39	6 58	Riddlesburg	10 08	4 11
9 44	7 02	Hopewell	10 04	4 07
9 56	7 10	Cypher	9 56	3 59
10 07	7 19	Tatesville	9 46	3 50
10 17	7 27	Everett	9 38	3 43
10 20	7 30	Mt. Dallas	9 35	3 40
10 43	7 50	Bedford	9 15	3 20
11 35	8 35	Hyndman	8 28	2 30
12 05	9 05	Cumberland	8 00	2 00

Sunday train leaves Huntingdon at 8.35 a. m. and returning 5.30 p. m.

SHOUP'S BRANCH.

SOUTH			NORTH
Expr's A M	STATIONS		Expr's P M
9 35	Saxton		4 00
9 50	Coalmont		3 45
	Crawford		
10 05	Dudley		3 30

CARL M. GAGE, General Manager.

EAST BROAD TOP RAILROAD and COAL CO.

Time Table No. 24, in Effect Monday, January 7, 1907.

SOUTHWARD	No. 2 a.m.	No. 4 p.m.	No. 6 a.m.	No. 8 a.m.
Mount Union . . . LEAVE	9 15	3 50		
Mount Union Yard	9 20	3 55	11 20	
Augh. Mills	9 32	4 08	11 32	
Shirley	9 45	4 20	11 45	
Orbisonia	10 00	4 35	12 00	
	10 10	4 45	1 35	5 30
Booher Junction	10 15	4 50	1 40	5 34
Pogue	10 22	4 57	1 50	5 45
Three Springs	10 33	5 12	2 05	5 50
Saltillo	10 40	5 25	2 15	5 50
Kimmel	11 00	5 45	2 35	6 10
Cole's	11 13	5 58	2 50	6 38
Rocky Ridge	11 18	6 03	2 55	6 38
Martins	11 23	6 08	3 00	6 40
Cook's	11 28	6 13	3 05	6 45
Robertsdale	11 40	6 25	3 15	6 50
Woodvale . . . ARRIVE				7 05
	a.m.	p.m.	a.m.	p.m

NORTHWARD	No. 1 A.M.	No. 3 P.M.	No. 5 A.M.	No. 7 P.M.
Woodvale . . . LEAVE				4 25
Robertsdale	6 05	12 40	8 25	4 30
Cook's	6 15	12 50	8 35	4 40
Martins	6 20	12 54	8 39	4 44
Rocky Ridge	6 25	12 58	8 43	4 48
Cole's	6 30	1 03	8 48	4 53
Kimmel	6 38	1 10	8 56	5 01
Saltillo	7 00	1 30	9 18	5 25
Three Springs	7 10	1 38	9 25	5 32
Pogue	7 25	1 50	†9 37	5 42
Booher Junction	7 35	1 58	9 45	5 50
Orbisonia	7 40	2 05	9 50	5 55
	7 55	2 10	10 10	
Shirley	8 10	2 25	10 25	
Augh. Mills	8 20	2 35	†10 35	
Mt. Union Yard	8 35	2 50	11 55	
Mount Union . . ARRIVE	8 40	2 55		
	a.m.	p.m.	a.m.	p.m.

SHADE GAP BRANCH.

SOUTHWARD No. 12	No. 10	STATIONS		NORTHWARD No. 9	No. 11
p.m.	a.m.			a.m.	p.m
4 50	6 55	Lv. Orbisonia	Ar	7 45	5 45
4 57	7 00	Grove's Quarry		7 40	5 39
4 58	7 01	*Blacklog		7 39	5 38
5 06	7 08	*Cedar Rock		7 32	5 30
5 09	7 10	*Locke Valley		7 30	5 27
5 15	7 15	Ar. Shade Gap	Lv	7 25	5 20
p.m.	a.m.			a.m.	p.m

Train No. 8 will have right of track over train No. 1 between Orbisonia and Coles.
All trains run daily except Sunday.
The Company reserves the right to vary from the above Time-Table without notice.
Trains will run on Rocky Ridge and Booher branches on special orders.
†S—Regular Stop, F—Stop on signal.
—Trains will not stop.
Pennsylvania R. R. Trains Leave Mt. Union
WESTWARD—5 27 a. m., 7 48 a. m., 9 39 a. m., 11 02 a. m., 2 16 p. m., 4 51 p. m., 7 21 p. m.
EASTWARD—6 17 a. m., 8 59 a. m., 11 58 a. m., 12 51 p. m., 3 11 p. m., 5 55 p. m., 7 29 p. m., 10 32 p. m.

R. S. SEIBERT, President and Gen Mgr. H. C. HALL, Superintendent.

William Reed & Son's

Store closes at 6 o'clock except Saturdays and from the 14th to 20th of each month.

NEW FALL ARRIVALS

Are coming in every day. The big cases are filled with interesting lots of things which you will want to see. It is too soon to give descriptions, for the things are coming so fast we have not gotten our bearings, But you can come any time and get a first look. In spite of "high prices," which is the cry everywhere, we are showing some wonderful values and the stock, taken as a whole, is the most beautiful we have ever shown.

In Dress Goods and Silks

All the new fall styles are shown, and the latest ideas in plaids and fancy effects are here in lavish abundance. The New Outings and Printed Cotton Cloths are more beautiful than they have ever been.

In the Garment Department we are showing immense stocks of the newest style garments to be had.

Come often to the store. It will pay you in both pleasnre and profit.

Wm. Reed & Sons,

Huntingdon, Pa.

PARKER'S STORE NEWS.

Fall | Builders' Hardware | Necessities

We shan't weary you with a long story, but we want you to know we are selling all staple goods at rock-bottom prices and will meet prices on all first-class standard goods. We are not selling you something for less than cost and then catch you on something you do not know the price of to make up the loss.

THE BEST GOODS WE CAN BUY
is our motto

A few things you need for present use:

UNDERWEAR FOR CHILDREN, LADIES AND MEN

FELTS AND RUBBERS OF ALL KINDS.

WALL PAPER IN ALL THE LATEST DESIGNS
SHOES FOR EVERY MEMBER OF YOUR FAMILY
A Full Line of Notions and Dry Goods—New Goods are being added to these lines this week—Come and inspect them.

Flour and Feed at Bottom Prices

Anything You Need. Come and we will Try to Suit You.

A. M. PARKER,

Cor. Main and Sherman Sts., MAPLETON, PA.

BUSINESS CARDS.

S. P. STUBBS,
—CARPET WEAVER.—
and dealer in all kinds of Carpet Chain and Materials.
Prompt attention to business and satisfaction guaranteed. Charges reasonable.

Myron McClain,
FUNERAL DIRECTOR & EMBALMER,
CASSVILLE, PA.
Caskets always in stock for Personal selection. Charges reasonable. Prompt, efficient service. Phone—Coles Valley, Eagle Foundry, People's and Saltillo lines.

A. W. SWOPE
—JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.—
All business entrusted with him will receive proper attention.
Office on Main street.

W. H. WOODS. JAMES S. WOODS, Notary Public.
W. H. & J. S. WOODS,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
No. 327 Penn Street. HUNTINGDON, PA.

DR. ROY E. BLACK,
DENTIST.
21 Washington Street
Huntingdon, Pa.
All branches of the profession given careful attention. Telephone connection. 2-7-06

DR. W. W. RUMBERGER,
DENTIST,
Post Office Building, MOUNT UNION, PA.
All branches of the profession given prompt and careful attention. 11-22-yr

DeWITT'S Carbolized Containing WITCH HAZEL SALVE For Piles, Burns, Sores.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

(Estate of William Franklin Morningstar.)

Letters of administration having been granted the undersigned on the estate of William Franklin Morningstar late of the Borough of Huntingdon, deceased, all persons indebted thereto are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against said estate will present them duly authenticated for settlement.

CHAS. C. BREWSTER, Administrator.
Sept. 6, 1907. 6t Huntingdon, Pa

MISCELLANEOUS.

If you want to buy, sell, or rent anything advertise in this Column. It will bring results.

ENTERPRISING People, whether farmers, laborers or mechanics use printed stationery. A year's supply costs less than a year's supply of common stock in small quantities. Samples and prices on application. ITEM office, Mapleton Depot, Pa.

WANTED—Locust wood suitable for insulator pin, 5 in. and up, 4 ft, 1 inch long, none to be split. All good Wood delivered to the mill at Mapleton will be paid for on the 10th. of each month for the delivery of the previous month. For further information address L. F. Treaster, Milroy, Pa. or J. B. Shuman, Huntingdon, Pa.

WANTED—2,000 Cords Paper wood. I will pay the highest cash market price for all kinds of paper wood delivered on wharf at Mapleton also extract wood, Rock Oak and Chestnut. Prompt cash, payment as fast as wood is loaded, F. O. B. cars here. For furteer information, plerse writh me.
B. F. Baker.
Mapleton Depot, April 15. 1907. 4t

WANTED—By Chicago wholesale and mail order house, assistant manager (man or woman) for this county and adjoining territory. Salary $20 and expenses paid weekly; expense money advanced. Work pleasant; position permanent. No investment or experience required. Spare time valuable. Write at once for full particulars and enclose self-addressed envelope. SUPERINTENDENT, 132 Lake St., Chicago, Ill,

Wm. T. Webb.
CARPENTER & BUILDER
MAPLETON DEPOT, PA.
Blueprints and specifications. Jobbing promptly attended to. Satisfaction guaranteed. Terms reasonable.

IF YOU WANT A JOB

Either in TIN, TIN SHINGLES, GALVANIZED or any METAL ROOFING.

Address - W. C. HASSENPFLUG,
704—WASHINGTON ST.,
HUNTINGDON, - PA.
HE GUARANTEES HIS WORK.

Cherish the Poetry of Love.

Laugh not at what some call the extravagance of the young lover. It is the true business of love to idealize, to glorify its object. The pity is that love should ever lose its poetry and descend into the region of prose. That is the destruction of all the beauty if not of all the happiness between lovers, the open gate to the divorce court among married people.—Western Methodist.

THE "YELL-OH" MAN
And One of His Ways.

To call a man a liar seems rude, so we will let the reader select his own term.

Some time ago the Manager of "Collier's Weekly" got very cross with us because we would not continue to advertise in his paper.

We have occasionally been attacked by editors who have tried to force us to advertise in their papers at their own prices, and, on their own conditions, failing in which we were to be attacked through their editorial columns. The reader can fit a name to that tribe.

We had understood that the editor of "Collier's" was a wild cat of the Sinclair "jungle bungle" type, a person with curdled gray matter, but it seems strange that the owners would descend to using their editorial columns, yellow as they are, for such rank out and out falsehoods as appear in their issue of July 27th, where the editor goes out of his way to attack us, and the reason will appear tolerably clear to any reader who understands the venom behind it.

We quote in part as follows:—"One widely circulated paragraph labors to induce the impression that Grape-Nuts will obviate the necessity of an operation in appendicitis. This is lying, and, potentially, deadly lying. Similarly, Postum continually makes reference to the endorsements of a 'distinguished physician' or 'a prominent health official,' persons as mythical, doubtless, as they are mysterious."

We do not hesitate to reproduce these mendacious falsehoods in order that it may be made clear to the public what the facts are, and to nail the liar up so that people may have a look at him. If this poor clown knew what produced appendicitis, he might have some knowledge of why the use of Grape-Nuts would prevent it. Let it be understood that appendicitis results from long continued disturbance in the intestines, caused primarily by undigested food, and chiefly by undigested starchy food, such as white bread, potatoes, rice, partly cooked cereals, and such. These lie in the warmth and moisture of the bowels in an undigested state, and decay, generating gases, and irritating the mucous surfaces until, under such conditions, the lower part of the colon and the appendix become involved. Disease sets up, and frequently, of a form known as appendicitis.

Now then, Grape-Nuts food was made by Mr. C. W. Post, after he had an attack of appendicitis, and required some food in which the starch was predigested. No such food existed; from his knowledge of dietetics he perfected the food; made it primarily for his own use, and afterwards introduced it to the public. In this food the starch is transformed by moisture and long-time cooking into a form of sugar, which is easily digested and does not decay in the intestines. It is a practical certainty that when a man has approaching symptoms of appendicitis, the attack can be avoided by discontinuing all food except Grape-Nuts, and by properly washing out the intestines. Most physicians are now acquainted with the facts, and will verify the statement.

Of course, this is all news, and should be an education to the person who writes the editorials for "Collier's," and who should take at least some training before he undertakes to write for the public.

Now as to the references to "a distinguished physician" or "a prominent health official" being "mythical persons." We are here to wager "Collier's Weekly," or any other skeptic or liar, any amount of money they care to name, and which they will cover, that we will produce proof to any Board of Investigators that we have never yet published an advertisement announcing the opinion of a prominent physician or health official on Postum or Grape-Nuts, when we did not have the actual letter in our possession. It can be easily understood that many prominent physicians dislike to have their names made public in reference to any article whatsoever; they have their own reasons, and we respect those reasons, but we never make mention of endorsements unless we have the actual endorsement, and that statement we will back with any amount of money called for.

When a journal wilfully prostitutes its columns, to try and harm a reputable manufacturer in an effort to force him to advertise, it is time the public knew the facts. The owner or editor of Collier's Weekly cannot force money from us by such methods.

POSTUM CEREAL CO. Ltd.

VAST RICHES IN THIS YEAR'S CROPS

Farmers Getting More Dollars For All They Have to Sell, and, Therefore, Are in Better Condition Than Any Other Class of Consumers.

Washington, D. C. — Secretary of Agriculture Wilson, who has just returned from a trip extending to the Pacific Coast, can see nothing but a continuance of good times.

"The people of the West," he said, "are not fearful of a panic or of hard times. The West is prosperous. There is plenty of money. In fact, I have reason to believe that the West is loaning money to the East, instead of the East to the West. And this is being done at good rates of interest. The people of the West are not worrying over Wall Street and its troubles. They scarcely know that such troubles exist, save as they read of them in the newspapers. The rest of the country is no longer dependent on Wall Street.

"Grain crops generally will be good, with the exception of oats. There will be a good corn crop, not a bumper crop, but a good one, if frosts do not come too early. Prices for farm products and for stocks are high and the farmers are making money."

Farmers are getting more money for their grains this year than in any former year, and the shortage of the yield in bushels is being made up by the advance in prices. A banker from South Dakota, who has been in that section for years, while in Chicago last week, made this statement: "Banks in South Dakota have larger deposits than they have ever held, and farmers are getting more dollars for what they have to sell than in any year on record. Last year at this time they sold their wheat at sixty to sixty-five cents, while now they are securing ninety-two cents. Oats sold at twenty-two cents last year, and are now bringing thirty-five cents. Barley that sold at thirty cents last year brings sixty-five cents. Live cattle sell for $1 to $1.25 per 100 pounds more than last year, while hogs are selling at the same prices as a year ago, and there are lots of them. Of corn, we are not raising any more than needed for home use. Wheat is of fine quality, although yields are not heavy. This also applies to all other grains."

The above story represents the conditions in the West, despite the fact that prosperity stories are being overworked. There has been a conservative recession in business in nearly every line, which has been beneficial, as things were going too fast. But there is a good, healthy business, which denotes steady consumption of goods at satisfactory prices. A majority of the people in the agricultural regions are in as good condition as last year for the purchasing of goods, as the advance in prices makes them feel easy. In fact, they are in better condition than are any other class of consumers.

Notwithstanding the fears in the early summer that the long, cold spring would bring disaster to the crops, it is now assured that nature once more will bless this country with abundant harvests. It is true that the phenomenal yield of corn and wheat last year may not be quite equalled, but it is also true that the output will exceed the average of recent years, and at the same time the increase in the value of farm products is likely to far more than offset the decline in the aggregate yield.

There may be a decrease in wheat of possibly 75,000,000 bushels, but with the price more than twenty cents a bushel above the corresponding time last year there ought to be a net increase of $75,000,000 to $100,000,000 in the value of the wheat crop over that of 1906. With an increase in the price of corn and cotton, the falling off in these crops likewise doubtless will be offset by their higher values. Thus the farmers of the country are once more blessed with a vast income—an income so great as compared with five or six years ago that it is difficult to comprehend the magnitude of the gain. The value of farm products in different years has been as follows:

Years.	
1880	$2,212,000,000
1890	2,466,000,000
1900	4,717,000,000
1905	6,415,000,000
1906	6,794,000,000
1907 (estimated)	7,000,000,000

The increase in the last seven years of $2,283,000,000 is a gain of nearly fifty per cent. in that time. This gain in seven years is almost equal to the total value of the farm products of the country in 1890. In the latter year the per capita production of all engaged in agriculture was $287, almost exactly the same as in 1880, while at the present time the per capita of all engaged in agriculture is about $600.

The prosperity of the farmers is seen not only in the paying off of hundreds of millions of farm mortgages and in the building of better homes, but also in the heavy deposits in the country banks throughout the West and South. Every banker in all the agricultural regions of the country has been impressed during the last few years with the great increase in the deposits of farmers, and in many portions of the South a large proportion of the deposits in country banks is made up of surplus accumulations of the agricultural classes. With such fundamentally sound conditions it is scarcely possible for the country again to sink into the depths of panicky times such as we have had in the past.

So far as the South is concerned, it is quite safe to count that this section will receive for its cotton and cottonseed an aggregate of $800,000,000.

"LACK OF CONFIDENCE."

—Cartoon by Triggs, in the New York Press.

NO TAX FOR LIBRARY.

Town Refuses to Support Bookless Carnegie Gift.

Tahlequah, Indian Territory.—At a special election here a proposed tax to maintain the Carnegie library was defeated. The library building cost $10,000. It was finished more than a year ago, but has been bookless to date. With a population of only 2000, most of the citizens felt a library tax would be too great. The question divided the town into two factions.

SHOT PRISONER IN CELL.

Fire Chief of Franklin, Ohio, Kills Man Who Eloped With His Wife.

Dayton, Ohio.—Fire Chief B. H. Millner, of Franklin, shot and instantly killed J. H. Little, who recently eloped with his wife and who was returned to Franklin for trial.

Millner entered the police station and going directly to Little's cell fired two shots which lodged in the victim's breast.

Millner became a raving maniac and was put under guard.

MOB BEATS EARLE WHO SENT AWAY WIFE

Neighbors Resent Artist's Method of Securing an "Affinity."

ROLLED IN THE MUD AT MONROE

Threats For the Other Woman—Mrs. Earle and Her Son Sail For France to Set Husband Free—Who "Other Woman" Is.

Monroe, N. Y.—Hooted and jeered at from the time he left home to send his young wife away in order that he may wed another, Ferdinand Pinney Earle was mobbed at 7.30 p. m., when he got back to Monroe. Five hundred villagers, in the midst of the pouring rain, turned over his buggy and somebody hit him across the head with his own horsewhip. He fought back his attackers, was joined by two officers, and, having vainly tried to "explain" his views, drove slowly away to his home near by.

Mr. Earle is the artist son of the late General Ferdinand Pinney Earle, and he believes that the young wife he married in France five years ago is not his real affinity, and that she should go back to her parents. He thinks that he has found in a stout young Socialistic woman of Bethlehem, Pa., the other love note that God made and tuned to play in harmony with him during this and other lives. He has had the new-found Note who is attuned to him, and only him, at his house for ten days, and as soon as his wife gets the divorce she promises to get, he will marry the Other.

If this young person hadn't left his home near Monroe shortly after he and his wife left, something might have happened to her, the villagers said.

Having seen his wife and two-year-old son, Harold Erwin, off on the steamer, the artist went from Hoboken to New York in a cab with his brother, Victor M. Earle, a real estate man, of Broadway and Seventy-second street, and the latter's wife. They were hooted and jeered as they left the pier in Hoboken, and once the cab was held up. The artist wore a martyred expression, but said nothing.

Victor Earle gave a new hint as to the "Affinity's" identity. She has been getting her mail at Monroe under the name of Julia Cutler. Victor Earle said that was "almost" her name.

"She is Miss Julia Kuttner," he said. "There has been so much said about the future Mrs. Ferdinand Earle that I think it only right that her right name should be made known. I know very little about her. I only met her once. That was at the steamship pier when she and my brother returned from Europe, some weeks ago. Ferdinand's wife and I met them there.

"Miss Kuttner, as I understand it, comes from Bethlehem, Pa. She is of German parentage, born in this country. She is about twenty-two years old. Her mother is living, and her brother Alfred has been a guest with her at Ferdinand's house. Since leaving school she has traveled a good deal and she has done some settlement work in New York City. I am not acquainted with the details of that, but I suppose she met many persons there who had socialistic notions. How much of a Socialist she is you can guess for yourself."

Mrs. Earle is slight, of "spirituelle" figure. The "Affinity" is described as rather stout, or at least of full figure. She wears eyeglasses and looks more than twenty-two years old. She is said to be intellectual and a ready talker.

Miss Julia Kuttner, whom Earle is to wed as soon as his wife shall have secured a divorce in France, was not at the pier in Hoboken to say farewell.

Just as the ship sailed Mrs. Earle intimated she felt no regret at leaving the artistic atmosphere of her husband's home and that she was glad to descend from the rarified altitude of his mode of life to that of common everyday beings.

BLOODSHED IN ANTWERP.

Dock Strikers Burn Lumber and Attack Imported Laborers.

Antwerp, Belgium. — The dock strike, which for a month has occasioned frequent collision between the strikers and the police and imported laborers, has now become more violent and there are frequent scenes of bloodshed and incendiarism.

Laborers imported from England and Germany to break the strike have been attacked and beaten, especially the former. The police in protecting the strike breakers charged with sabres and revolvers. A policeman was struck with a paving stone and killed. The strikers overturned carts and used them as barricades during the fight. Near the horse market six men were wounded and some women and children were hurt. The shops and saloons are closed.

The strikers attacked the wood yards and eight piles of timber were blazing at 10 o'clock at Austrawed, near the town. Civic guards have been posted at the petroleum tanks at Hoboken to prevent them from being set afire.

Navy Wants Floating Dry Dock.

The Navy Department will push at the coming session of Congress the project for another large floating dry dock.

ALL HAIL PE-RU-NA.

A Case of

STOMACH CATARRH.

Miss Mary O'Brien, 306 Myrtle Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y., writes:

"Peruna cured me in five weeks of catarrh of the stomach, after suffering for four years and doctoring without effect. In common with other grateful ones who have been benefited by your discovery, I say,

All hail to Peruna."

Mr. H. J. Henneman, Oakland, Neb., writes: "I waited before writing to you about my sickness, catarrh of the stomach, which I had over a year ago.

"There were people who told me it would not stay cured, but I am sure that I am cured, for I do not feel any more ill effects, have a good appetite and am getting fat. So I am, and will say to all, I am cured for good.

"I thank you for your kindness.

"Peruna will be our house medicine hereafter."

Catarrh of the stomach is also known in common parlance as dyspepsia, gastritis and indigestion. No medicine will be of any permanent benefit except it removes the catarrhal condition.

Gained Strength and Flesh.

Miss Julia Butler, R. R. 4, Appleton, Wis., writes she had catarrh of the stomach, causing loss of sleep and appetite, with frequent severe pains after eating. She took Peruna, her appetite returned, she gained strength, flesh and perfect health.

An enterprising American has begun to manufacture cement tombs.

FITS, St. Vitus' Dance, Nervous Diseases permanently cured by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free. Dr. H. R. Kline, Ld., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

New South Wales has bought 4000 miles of rabbit-proof wire netting.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle

The new Cunarder Lusitania will consume 1200 tons of coal a day.

H. H. GREEN'S SONS, of Atlanta, Ga., are the only successful Dropsy Specialists in the world. See their liberal offer in advertisement in another column of this paper.

Burbank, the "plant wizard," grows 12,000 varieties of potatoes.

ENDURES ECZEMA 5 YEARS.

Sores Behind Ears Spread to Cheeks —Best Doctors Fail—But Cuticura Remedies Effect Cure.

"I had been troubled with eczema for five years on my ear and it began to extend on my cheek. I had been doctoring with the best physicians, but found no relief whatever. As the medicines and salves did me no good I thought I would get the 'Magic Three,' Cuticura Soap, Cuticura Ointment and Cuticura Pills, costing me one-half of one visit to my physician. I can truthfully state that I found instant relief. When I had used three boxes of Cuticura Ointment and two cakes of Cuticura Soap I found my skin as soft and fine as a baby's. Miss Netta Ayers, 131 Franklin Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y., Sept. 1 and 15, 1906."

To Mend Hot Water Bags.

A hot water bag will ofttimes suddenly spring a leak when most needed. A piece of adhesive plaster placed over the break will stop the leak immediately and will stay in place for quite a while. It can easily be renewed and proves a most satisfactory first aid to an injured rubber article.—The Circle.

Recipe For Happiness.

We can have the highest happiness only by having wide thoughts and much feeling for the rest of the world as well as for ourselves.—George Eliot.

WORN TO A SKELETON.

A Wonderful Restoration Caused a Sensation in a Pennsylvania Town.

Mrs. Charles N. Preston, of Elkland, Pa., says: "Three years ago I found that my housework was becoming a burden. I tired easily, had no ambition and was failing fast. My complexion got yellow and I lost over 50 pounds. My thirst was terrible, and there was sugar in the kidney secretions. My doctor kept me on a strict diet, but as his medicine was not helping me, I began using Doan's Kidney Pills. They helped me at once, and soon all traces of sugar disappeared. I have regained my former weight and am perfectly well."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

KILLED IN CANADIAN WRECK

Crowded Excursion Train Left Track at Caledon, Ontario.

Engine and Five Cars Thrown Into a Ditch—Six Passengers Perish and Many Are Injured.

Orangeville, Ontario. — Five passenger cars of a special Canadian Pacific passenger train from Markdale to Toronto were wrecked and hurled into a ditch near Caledon. Six persons are dead and a large number of others are seriously injured. The train, which was heavily loaded, left Owen Sound about 8 o'clock, and when it reached Orangeville was one hour behind its schedule.

From Orangeville there is a pronounced down grade for some distance. The locomotive left the track. Five of the seven cars followed. The engine driver, Mack Grims, of Teeswater, formerly of Orangeville, was shot through the window of his engine cab. He escaped almost unhurt, and not a train hand was killed.

All the six men who were killed were riding in the smoking car, next to the locomotive. Word of the catastrophe was sent to Orangeville and a train was sent out bearing all the doctors of the town and the necessary medical supplies.

Caledon, the scene of the wreck, is forty-two miles northwest of Toronto, and is directly on the line of the Canadian Pacific running to Owen Sound. It is in Peel County, in the township of Caledon, seven miles by rail to the southeast of Orangeville, or six miles direct.

The dead: Norman Tucker, Fleshertown; John Thurston, Walterfalls; James Banks, Perm; James Buller, Priceville; W. A. Armstrong, Markdale; Robert Carr, Shelbourne.

Seriously injured: A. J. Robinson, Orangeville; J. M. Davis, Markdale; S. Boggs, Guelph; A. McDonald and Mrs. McDonald, Shelbourne; Mrs. Dr. Caldwell, Fleshertown; Mr. McCormick, Markdale; James Brander, Priceville; Mrs. S. Webster, Hornings Mills; G. E. Gray, Markdale; J. A. Jelly, Shelbourne; H. H. Albert, Orangeville; R. A. Jelly, Shelbourne; Maggie Patterson and Sarah Patterson, Badgerow; John Clayton, Markdale; John Boyd, Fleshertown; Margaret McDougall and John McDougall, Dundalk; Harold Merter, Markdale; John Curry, Orangeville; M. K. Richardson, Fleshertown; M. H. Bunt, Fleshertown.

TICKLES SLEEPERS TO DEATH.

Filipinos and Foreigners Ask War Department to Stop Raids.

Washington, D. C.—Military and civil authorities in the province of Antique, Island of Panay, Philippine Islands, have received appeals from natives and foreigners to suppress a band of night maurauders the members of which prod lances through cracks in the floors of the houses and tickle people while they sleep.

In a number of instance the "tickling" has been fatal, and, according to the advices received at the War Department, the residents of the provinces have become panic stricken. They have been advised to stuff up the cracks in the floors or to sleep high. The authorities are doing everything in their power to capture the band.

SEVEN DEAD IN WRECK.

Seventeen Injured When Chesapeake and Ohio Train is Derailed.

Charleston, West Va. — A Chesapeake and Ohio local passenger train, No. 6, was derailed a mile below Kanawha Falls, and as a result seven are dead and seventeen injured.

A coach, the combination express and mail car, and the baggage car overturned, rolling toward the Kanawha River.

Among the dead are:

Allen Loving, a law student at West Virginia University, serving as express agent during the summer.

C. S. Campbell, a telegraph operator.

Spreading of rails is supposed to have caused the accident.

THREE CAUGHT IN QUICKSAND.

Drowned in River at Peoria, Ill., in Standing Position.

Peoria, Ill.—Quicksand in the Illinois River caused the drowning of Charles McEnlee, Keeling Wilson and William Stinger, of Lacon, Ill. The bodies were found upright in the river, all three held firmly by the quicksand, which reached above the knees.

It is thought the men's boat was overturned, and they were caught by the quicksand in their attempt to wade to shore. The water was barely above their heads when they were found.

FINES IF THEY WON'T WORK.

New Zealand Court of Appeals Decides Against Strikers.

Wellington, New Zealand. — The Court of Appeals has finally declared that the strike of the slaughterhouse men and their sympathizers is illegal.

The workingmen who are participating in it, the court holds, are violating the award of the court of arbitration and may be fined, and in case of non-payment of the fine may be imprisoned for a term not exceeding one year.

All the partakers in the slaughtermen's strike are liable to fine or imprisonment.

News of the Week

WASHINGTON.

William H. Abercrombie, formerly United States Consul at Nagasaki, Japan, committed suicide by asphyxiation at his apartments. He was sixty-five years old.

Naval officers at the national capital unanimously expressed themselves as being confident that the vessels of Rear-Admiral Evans' fleet will visit Japan.

The name New York will be given to battleship No. 29, the largest and finest for which provision has been made by Congress. No. 28, the sister ship, will bear the name Delaware.

Lieutenant-Colonel Elijah W. Halford, pay department, U. S. A., was retired, having reached the statutory age of sixty-four years.

The President authorized the Secretary of the Interior to appoint Sub-Chief Metz Tiger, of the Creek Indians, to succeed General Pleasant Porter as chief of the tribe.

Secretary Garfield announced that the President had dropped his fight to get Arizona and New Mexico into the Union as one State.

Figures compiled from the accounts of the War Department show that the Philippine Islands already have cost the United States $400,000,000. The military is the chief item of expense, and the islands now are costing this Government about $30,000,000 a year.

OUR ADOPTED ISLANDS.

Governor Magoon has issued a decree that the taking of the Cuban census shall begin September 30 and end November 14. This census is a preliminary to the holding of the elections.

The religious administration of church affairs in the Philippines has been intrusted by Pope Pius to the Belgian congregations.

Captain Thomason, of the medical corps in charge of the yellow fever situation at Cienfuegos, Cuba, reports conditions there to be encouraging.

The President has appointed Alfred S. Hartwell Chief Justice of Hawaii.

Cuban liberal leaders protested against the passage of the resolution federalizing Havana.

Manila capitalists are forming a deep sea fishing company with $150,000 capital.

By executive order about 6,000,000 square metres of land in Nueva Ecija, P. I., have been set apart for school purposes.

There is no anti-Japanese feeling in Hawaii. Twenty-five per cent. of the children in the Territorial schools are Japanese.

DOMESTIC.

The body of Peter Lamana, whose son was slain by Black Hand kidnapers, was found in the river at New Orleans.

At Peoria, Ill., Frank T. Rogers was re-elected president of the National Postal Clerks' Association, defeating John J. Fitzgerald, of Paterson, N. J.

The Rev. Dr. S. B. Southerland, the oldest minister of the Methodist Church in this country, died at his home in Baltimore, aged ninety.

James J. Hill announced a plan to unite the seventeen lines owned by the Great Northern Railway Company in one corporation.

Representative Theodore E. Burton, of Ohio, consented to become the nominee for Mayor of Cleveland against Tom L. Johnson.

George W. Glover, son of Mrs. Mary Baker G. Eddy, declared he was satisfied the deed of trust executed by his mother properly safeguarded her property.

A veteran of the Battle of San Juan Hill, William Mackintosh, colored, was hanged for murder at Norfolk, Va.

Secretary Straus, returning from the Orient, and Secretary Taft, on his way there, met at Yellowstone Park.

Federal and State authorities at San Francisco are co-operating to fight the bubonic plague.

Seven Alabama railroads put in effect the Alabama passenger and commodity rates, and Judge Jones discharged the Federal Grand Jury.

A receiver was appointed for the Belding-Hall Manufacturing Company, Chicago, makers of refrigerators. Assets, $400,000; liabilities, $500,000.

FOREIGN.

French troops engaged 12,000 Moors near Casablanca, whom they repulsed after a hard fight, slaying many of the enemy.

The Dowager Empress of China is preparing to institute a Cabinet of the modern type, according to a Pekin dispatch.

Fifty persons are said to have been buried alive by a vast avalanche of snow that has rolled down the mountain side and obliterated the Chilean Custom House at Juncal. This station is on the Argentine frontier, high up in the Andes.

The anti-Jewish disorders in Odessa, Russia, were ended by the action of Governor-General Glagolieff, who announced in a proclamation that excesses would not be tolerated.

Witnesses at the coroner's inquest in Quebec told of having discovered flaws in the bridge which collapsed recently. Contractors announced that the work of rebuilding the structure would begin at once.

The Missouri Hen.

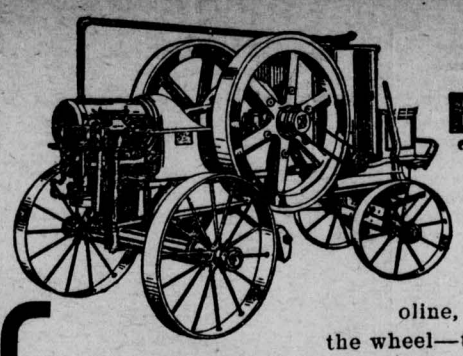
The farmers' wives and daughters of Missouri marketed 107,155,658 dozens of eggs last year, for which they received more than $16,000,000. Added to this are the items of live and dressed poultry and feathers, making the comfortable sum of nearly $40,000,000 for poultry products for the last year.—St. Louis Republic.

March.

March is named from Mars, the god of war. The old Romans called March the first month of the year, so it is a very good month for us to mend all the good resolutions we have broken since New Year's, and to make war against whatever is keeping us from being the very best that we can be.

Diabolical Invention.

A staircase has been invented which plays tunes as it is walked up and down upon. A series of pins is pressed by the feet and play songs and drums, while other are connected with collapsible chambers, which blow various instruments.—Kansas City Star.



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A Mad Dog.

As you well know we are not in favor of keeping so many dogs. A good dog may be very useful on a farm, but if you must keep one, do not abuse it; it is entitled to as good treatment as any other stock on the farm. We hope that none of our readers would be guilty of such cruelty as is narrated in the following item from the Dog Fancier:

I had an experience last September that I never shall forget. One burning hot September day I drove into a farmer's barn-yard and stopped under a shade tree to let my horse rest. The door of the house opened and Mr. B— stepped out with a shotgun.

"Hello, John, are you going hunting?" I asked.

"No; our dog is mad."

"Where is the dog?"

"Down by the corn crib."

I stepped out of my buggy and started with him for the crib, which was located about twenty feet from a small barn. There was the poor dumb brute, with a heavy leather strap around his neck and tied with a rope to a ring on a wire running from the corner of the crib to the barn. As we got in sight of the dog he began to jump and tear at the rope.

"What is the dog's name?" I asked.

"Watch."

I started to go to the dog and John caught me by the arm. "Don't go near him, he will bite you!"

"How long has the dog been tied there?"

"We went away yesterday morning to thrash for Wilson and we left Watch here to guard the corn-crib."

There was the poor dog left for thirty-six hours in a burning sun without a drop of water, to guard a crib of fifteen cent corn. I walked up to the dog and cut the rope and led him to the well. I pumped some water in a cup and gave him a small quantity to drink. The dog did not offer to bit me. He was too glad to get away from such a place.

John did not speak for some time, but finally said, "I never thought of giving him water. I will never tie that dog again."

FAMILY FOOD.

Crisp, Toothsome and Requires No Cooking.

A little boy down in N. C. asked his mother to write an account of how Grape-Nuts food had helped their family.

She says Grape-Nuts was first brought to her attention on a visit to Charlotte, where she visited the Mayor of that city who was using the food by the advice of his physician. She says:

"They derive so much good from it that they never pass a day without using it. While I was there I used the Food regularly. I gained about 15 pounds and felt so well that when I returned home I began using Grape-Nuts in our family regularly.

"My little 18 months old baby shortly after being weaned was very ill with dyspepsia and teething. She was sick nine weeks and we tried everything. She became so emaciated that it was painful to handle her, and we thought we were going to lose her. One day a happy thought urged me to try Grape-Nuts soaked in a little warm milk.

"Well, it worked like a charm and she began taking it regularly and improvement set in at once. She is now getting well and round and fat as fast as possible on Grape-Nuts.

"Some time ago several of the family were stricken with LaGrippe at the same time, and during the worst stages we could not relish anything in the shape of food but Grape-Nuts and oranges, everything else nauseated us.

"We all appreciate what your famous food has done for our family." "There's a Reason." Read "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

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$3.00 & $3.50 SHOES BEST IN THE WORLD
SHOES FOR EVERY MEMBER OF THE FAMILY, AT ALL PRICES.

$25,000 Reward To any one who can prove W. L. Douglas does not make & sell more Men's $3 & $3.50 shoes than any other manufacturer.

THE REASON W. L. Douglas shoes are worn by more people in all walks of life than any other make, is because of their excellent style, easy-fitting, and superior wearing qualities. The selection of the leathers and other materials for each part of the shoe, and every detail of the making is looked after by the most complete organization of superintendents, foremen and skilled shoemakers, who receive the highest wages paid in the shoe industry, and whose workmanship cannot be excelled.

If I could take you into my large factories at Brockton, Mass., and show you how carefully W. L. Douglas shoes are made, you would then understand why they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer and are of greater value than any other make.

My $4 Gilt Edge and $5 Gold Bond Shoes cannot be equalled at any price.

CAUTION! The genuine have W. L. Douglas name and price stamped on bottom. Take No Substitute. Ask your dealer for W. L. Douglas shoes. If he cannot supply you, send direct to factory. Shoes sent everywhere by mail. Catalog free. W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass.

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Don't wait until you have illness in your family before you order, but send at once for this valuable volume. ONLY 60 CENTS POST-PAID. Send postal notes or postage stamps of any denomination not larger than 5 cents. BOOK PUBLISHING HOUSE, 134 Leonard Street, N. Y.

Paper From Beet Pulp.

A report comes from Utah to the effect that Mr. James Brashear, a veteran paper maker now located at Ogden, Utah, having come from Des Moines, Iowa, believes that he can make paper from beet pulp and is willing to start up a plant for this purpose if such a one can be organized. He claims to have built the National Paper Mills, at Rock Island, Illinois, and to know whereof he speaks, but we should fancy that the very skillful manipulators of sugar beets in France and Germany would have utilized the pulp for paper making long ago if it could have been made industrially successful.

The trouble with some of these ventures is that they are scientifically correct, but not industrially profitable, and we should think it doubtful as to making beet pulp paper profitable.

She Squelched Him.

Miss Ellabelle Mae Doolittle, the Leesville poetess, effectively squelched a young man at a dance the other night. Miss Doolittle, when the fad first became fashionable, was operated on for appendicitis and the young man knew this. In a waltz she had with him he said:

"Miss Doolittle, it seems to me you dance better since you had your appendix cut out."

"Is that so?" replied the great poetess.

"Yes," he said.

"Well," came from Miss Ellabelle Mae, "why don't you have yours cut out?"

Wasn't that a hot one?—Denver Post.

Takes Out Temper.

Fine edged tools lose their temper if exposed to the light of the sun for a considerable length of time.—Tit-Bits.

N.Y.—37

To Possess a Healthy and Pearly SKIN

use Glenn's Sulphur Soap with warm water daily, and the skin will soon become soft and beautiful. To remove pimples, redness, roughness, sunburn, nothing compares with

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EPWORTH LEAGUE.

Sept. 15: "Instruction in God's word." "That the man of God may be complete, furnished completely unto every good work."—II Tim. iii, 17.

By REV. WALTER J. YATES, D. D.

Passages for reference—Deut. iv, 5-10; II Chron. xxxiv, 29-33; Acts xvii, 11, 12; Rom. i, 16; xvi, 25-27.

(Bible Study Day—American Bible Society.)

It is a great work which the American Bible society is doing. Nearly all branches of the Christian church are united in the work of distributing the Bible to all parts of the world. This is in the confident belief that it is God's word and is needed by all men to make them wise unto salvation.

The results of this worldwide circulation of the Scriptures are remarkable. Much of the story is as fascinating as romance. Heroism and even martyrdom has been suffered by those who have done the work. But wherever the book has gone men have turned to God, believing the "glad tidings," even when they have not met any missionary and have had no one to explain the message to them.

The interest of the league in the service this day is double. First there should be intelligent ideas of the duty we have to send the Bible to all men that they may know as fully as we do the will of God. And then we should give attention to the diligent study of the word among ourselves.

Not every one has come to a clear recognition of the duty to send the gospel to all the world. And there are multitudes who think themselves very good Christians who do not have any systematic habits of giving of their means for the extension of the kingdom of God. They have never given any thought to those matters. One of the helpful things the league is doing is in this very direction. It is educating our young people to know that they are under obligation to save every one whom they can reach by personal influence and to reach all they can by their money and prayers. We are becoming more intelligently benevolent. The next generation ought to do more and better work than has ever before been done.

The second part of this duty we are attending to as never before also. We are studying the Bible. We know more about it as literature, and we understand its history more clearly, but that is small in comparison with the fact that we know the Bible itself better. We are coming to its depths of meaning and are feeling the strong influences of its teachings taking fast hold of our daily living and surely, even if slowly, lifting things nearer to God.

Much more than has yet been done remains for us to do in this work. The Sunday school needs strengthening in every department. Then the church itself needs to have deeper and fuller knowledge of the Bible. The great fundamental truths of righteousness need to receive more emphasis until the whole life of the people is quickened by it, until business, politics, family life, society and every part of our complex existence has felt completely the sway of the Spirit of God. There needs to be more aggressiveness in our preaching of the truth. The old prophetic spirit is needed in baptism of pulpit and pew. The league needs to take a firmer hold of all that pertains to the Christ life and, putting all other things under foot, live pure and upright lives everywhere and at all times. We must be Bible Christians. Compare your thinking and doing with the standard, and where you have come short resolve with the help of the Holy Spirit to correct all the past failures and rise to the full height of your privilege in Christ Jesus.

The Moral Aristocracy.

Along the line of moral character—blessed be God!—the poorest child can be eminent. You can have God's own certificate for faith and goodness. You were born in a garret. You may go to heaven if you obey the laws of Divine Providence as shown in history, in revelation and in the cross. You started life without a friend. You may die amid a multitude of angels. You may never be a genius, you may never write a "Paradise Lost" or a "Paradise Regained" or an "Iliad"—there you may be nothing and nobody—but as to your character, prayer, love, faithfulness, honor—why, you may belong to the Miltons and the Shakespeares and the Homers of the moral aristocracy. And remember that goodness is the only enduring brilliance. There is a splendor of virtue that is possible to the least, the lowest soul.—Joseph Parker.

Clay's Ready Wit.

When Henry Clay was stumping Kentucky for re-election, at one of his mass meetings an old hunter of wide political influence said, "Well, Harry, I've always been for you, but because of that vote (which he named) I'm goin' ag'in you."

"Let me see your rifle," said Clay.

It was handed to him.

"Is she a good rifle?"

"Yes."

"Did she ever miss fire?"

"Well, yes, once."

"Why didn't you throw her away?"

The old hunter thought a moment and then said, "Harry, I'll try you again."

And Harry was elected.

CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR.

Prayer Meeting Topic For the Week Beginning Sept. 15.

By REV. S. H. DOYLE.

Topic.—God's omniscience.—Isa. xl, 12-31.

Omniscience means all wisdom or knowledge, and the omniscience of God simply means that God knows all things.

1. God knows all about the natural universe. He knows, and He only knows, because He alone made it. Scientists for centuries have been trying to solve the great mysteries of the natural world. They have put forth theories which succeed usually in being overthrown by succeeding generations. Only a comparatively few of the doctrines of the universe have stood the test of the centuries—for instance, the law of gravitation and the belief that the world is round. Evolution, while accepted as a working plan by many, has never been and can never be demonstrated, for God only knows how he created the universe and man, and this fact is sufficient for us. He did it and controls it in His own time and way, and until He chooses to reveal to us the method we can remain silent and trust in Him. He doeth all things well.

2. God knows all about the spiritual world. We live in two worlds, the natural and the spiritual. God understands the latter as well as the former. He conceived the great plan of man's redemption through the sacrifice of his Son, Jesus Christ. Through His power the Son executed the plan, and the Holy Spirit applies the redemption of Christ to the believing soul. He understands all the mysteries of the atonement and the other great truths of our religion. To seek out what God has hidden is not for us. Let us act on what He has revealed and leave the unfathomable mysteries to Him. It is ours to believe, His to save us through Christ's blood. It is ours to trust Him even in clouds and darkness and His to protect and preserve us. Will we do it?

BIBLE READINGS.

Job xii, 22-25; xxxiv, 18-25; Ps. xxxiii, 12-22; Prov. iii, 1-3; Dan. ii, 19-22; Amos ix, 1-4; Jas. i, 1-9.

Beware of This Wile of the Devil.

One way the devil secures the fall of church is to persuade all the pillars to lie down and become sleepers.—The Bible Reader, Richmond, Va.

THE CHOICEST CIGARS AND TOBACCO

On the market are the kinds from which our stock is selected. The following 5-cent brands speak for themselves: Dundreary, Buck, Square Deal, Wild Indian and Happy Sam. The well-known "El Galleo" brands of 10c. and 25c. cigars in stock. Popular and select brands of chewing and smoking tobacco. For pipe or cigarrette smoke Continental Cubes, Tuxedo and Old English Curve Cut.

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The famous little pills.

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Absolutely Pure,

mixed (like all other bread) by the latest improved mixing machines, which guarantee perfect cleanliness, and baked by only skillful bakers in our modern bake shop. If you have not tried it, ask your grocer or stop our wagons which are on the streets all day.

We will also bake our usual line of Bread and Rolls which it has always been our aim to have pure, clean and wholesome.

As to cakes, would say they are made by skilled bakers, and only fresh country butter and eggs are used.

Ask for and eat Fisher's Mother's Bread.

Fisher's Penn Street Bakery, Huntingdon, Pa.

HIS ODD AD.

The Collar That Gave Plumley a Second Start In Business.

"Nothing succeeds like perseverance," said Mark Twain at a dinner. "When the luck seems most against us, then we should work and hope hardest of all. In moments of discouragement let us remember my old friend Henry Plumley of Virginia City.

"Henry Plumley ran a collar factory. Times were reported to be hard with him. When his factory, which was very heavily insured, burned down, there was every indication that he had set the place on fire himself in order to get the insurance money. Virginia City was the soul of honor in those days. Shocked beyond words, it rose en masse, seized Henry Plumley, put a halter round his neck and lynched him.

"But he did not die. The sheriff arrived and cut him down in time. He was tried and found guilty, and he served a term in jail.

"On his release you wouldn't have thought that he'd return to Virginia City again, eh? He did, though. He came back, reopened his collar factory and prospered.

"What gave him his start was the odd advertisement with which he announced his return to business among us. Preceded by a brass band, Henry, in a great gilt chariot, burst upon our streets. He sat on a kind of golden throne, and he held on a crimson cushion in his lap an old, old collar. Above the collar on a crimson banner waved this inscription in huge letters of gold:

"'This is the collar we wore when we were lynched. It saved our life. Be wise in time and use no other. At all retailers, 10 cents apiece, three for a quarter.'"—Indianapolis Star.

Our Best For God.

To give his very best to God would save many a young man from the worst pitfalls that entrap him. It is because he gives the second best of his love, his strength, his ambition to spiritual things and keeps his best energies for the rest of life that the average Christian is such a weak specimen. As George Meredith expresses it, "The reason so many fall from God is that they cling to Him with their weakness and not with their strength."—Forward.

Hard on the Reporters.

"I had a strange dream the other night," said the major.

"What was it?" asked the young thing.

"I went to heaven and as an old newspaper man was interested in their journal up there. It was a miserable thing—not a well written story in it—and I told St. Peter so."

"What did he say?"

"He said: 'It's not our fault. We never get any good reporters up here.'"—Philadelphia Press.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD

Juniata County FAIR AT PORT ROYAL

September 11 to 13, 1907

EXCURSION TICKETS

To Port Royal will be sold September 11, 12 and 13, inclusive, good to return until September 14, inclusive, from Harrisburg, Huntingdon, and intermediate stations.

(MINIMUM RATE 25 CENTS)

J. R. WOOD, Passenger Traffic Manager.

GEO. W. BOYD, General Passenger Agent.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD

Perry County FAIR AT NEWPORT

September 17 to 20, 1907

EXCURSION TICKETS

To Newport will be sold September 17, 18, 19 and 20, inclusive, good to return until September 20, inclusive, from Harrisburg, Huntingdon, and intermediate stations at

Reduced Rates

(Minimum Rate 25 Cents)

J. R. WOOD, Passenger Traffic Manager.

GEO. W. BOYD. General Passenger Agent.

A Refuge When We Blunder.

We cannot only take our hopes and our needs to God, but we also can take Him our mistakes. "God is thy refuge even from the wrong of thy own judgment," as George Macdonald expresses it. We are so often and so unconsciously our own worst enemies that we continually need such a refuge in God's mercy and wisdom from our disastrous blunders. Even when we cannot forgive ourselves, He forgives and restores us.

Mountain Mission Note.

John Willis Baer, in an account of a visit to the Appalachian mountain region, says, "I saw men who in years gone by had illicitly distilled whisky in the mountain stills, whose past lives had been stained with sin, but who had given their hearts to Jesus Christ, and at the table of the Lord it was a rare privilege for me to sit with them and listen to their testimony of the saving grace and power of the Son of God."